

Understanding Ion-Related Performance Losses in Perovskite-Based Solar Cells by Capacitance Measurements and Simulation

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³ IMEC, Belgium

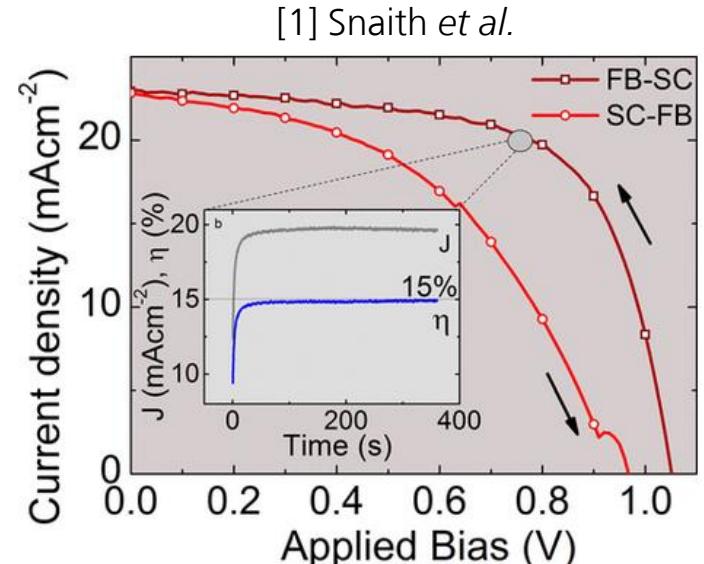
EU PVSEC, Vienna, Austria, 25th September 2024



Motivation

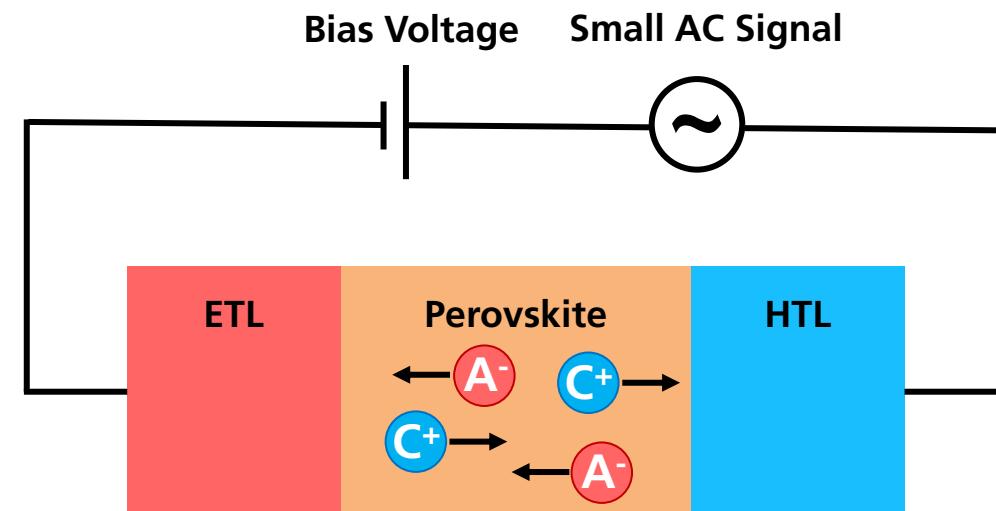
Understand Ion-related losses in Perovskite-Based Solar Cells (PSCs)

- **Hysteresis effects** impact the performance of PSCs [1-3]
- Origin: **Ion migration** within the perovskite absorber
- Goal: Understand and mitigate ion-related performance losses
- Approach: Small AC signal analysis [3,4]
 - Investigate frequency-dependent capacitances of PSCs
- **Learn about** device properties, e.g., ion diffusivities, built-in potential, ...



Experiments

Fraunhofer
ISE
IMO-IMOMEC
UHASSELT imec



Simulation

universität freiburg

Modelling Approaches

Small AC signal analysis

- **Equivalent-Circuit Modelling Approach:**

- Each layer: RC circuit [1]

- Geometrical capacitance (plate capacitor):

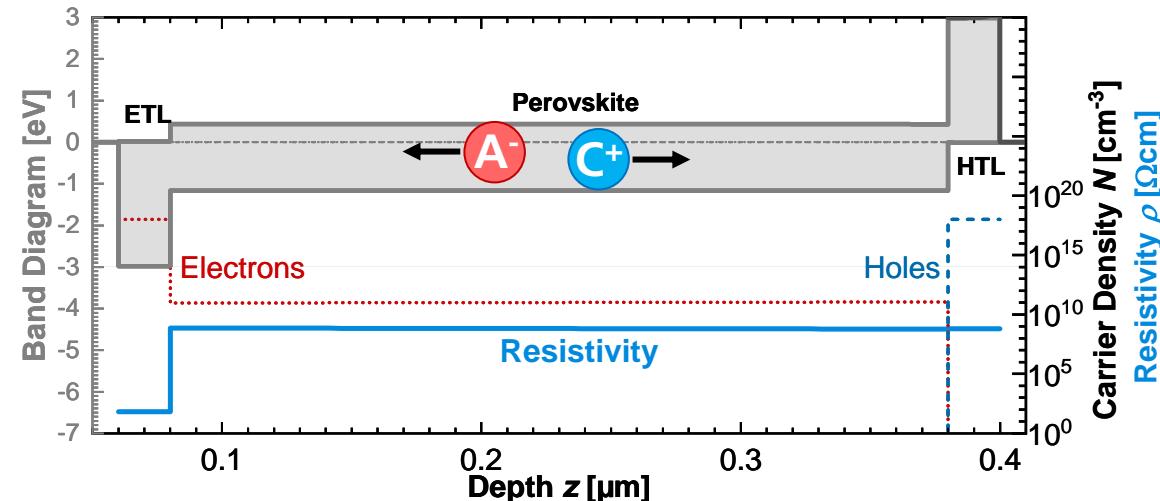
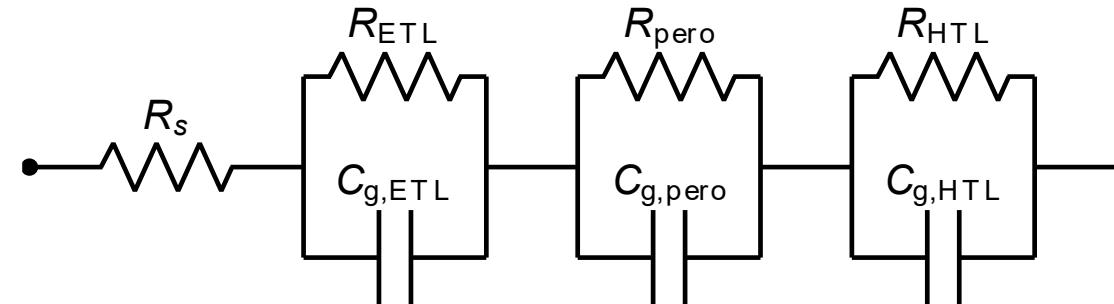
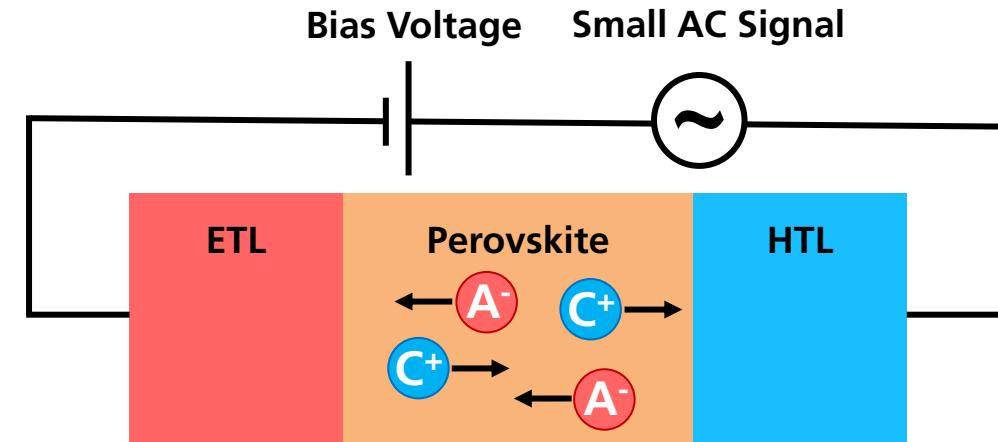
$$C_{g,L}/A = \epsilon_0 \epsilon_r / d_L$$

- **TCAD Modelling (this work):**

- Detailed device modelling with Sentaurus TCAD [2]
 - Poisson equation and electron/hole drift diffusion (DD)
- TCAD model was extended to AC signal analysis [3]
 - Compared to Eq.-Circuit Model

- **Advantages:**

- DD-Modelling of (several types of) ions incl. preconditioning
- Study interfaces, full (tandem) stacks, tunneling transport, ...
- Same model for simulation of JV curves, ...



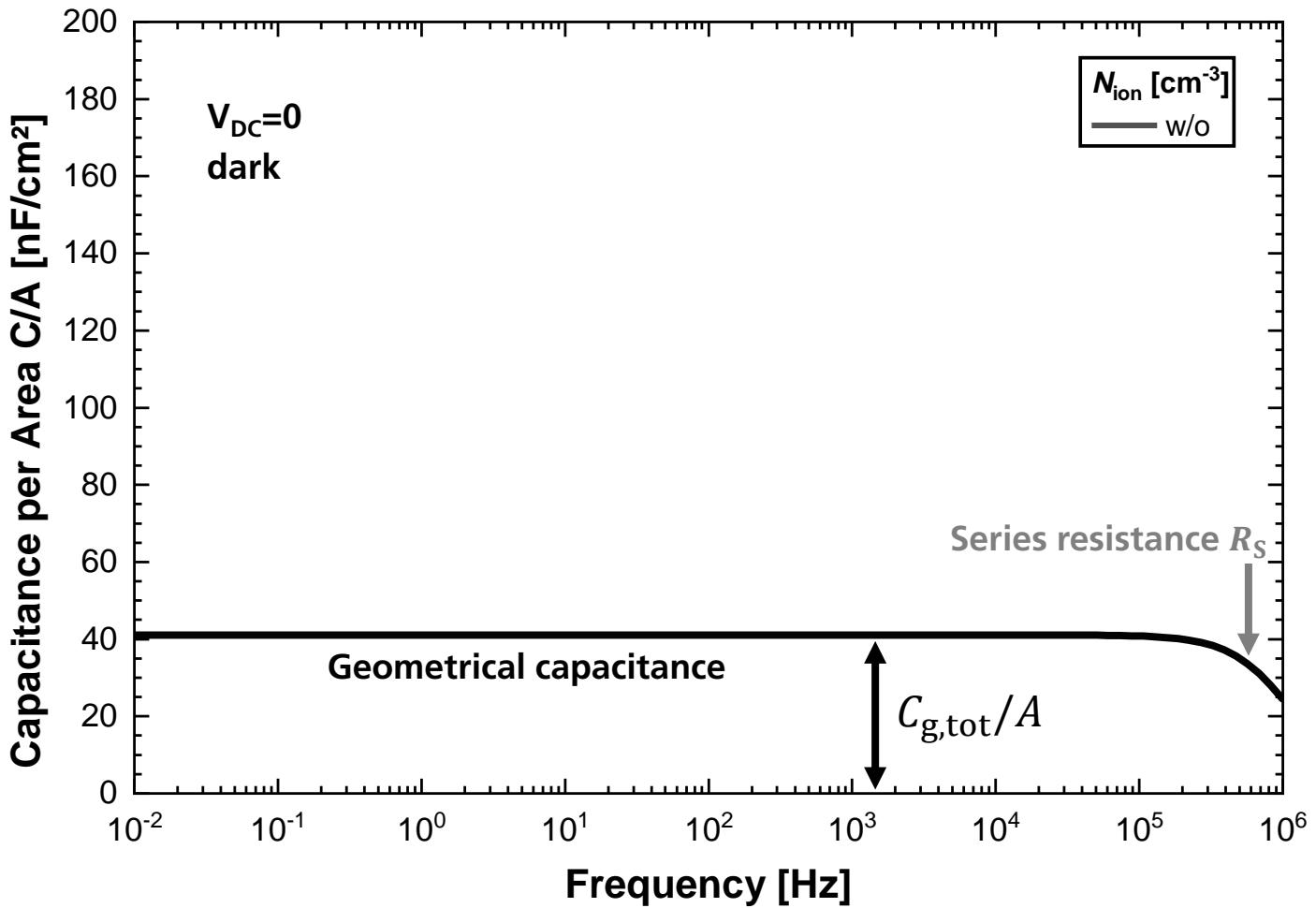
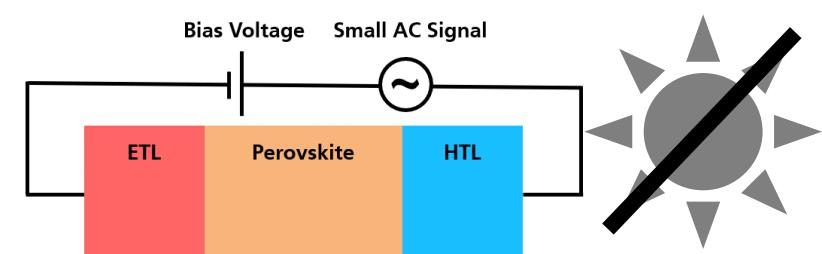
Equivalent Circuit

TCAD Model

Ion-induced Capacitances in Perovskite Solar Cells

TCAD Simulation: Dark State

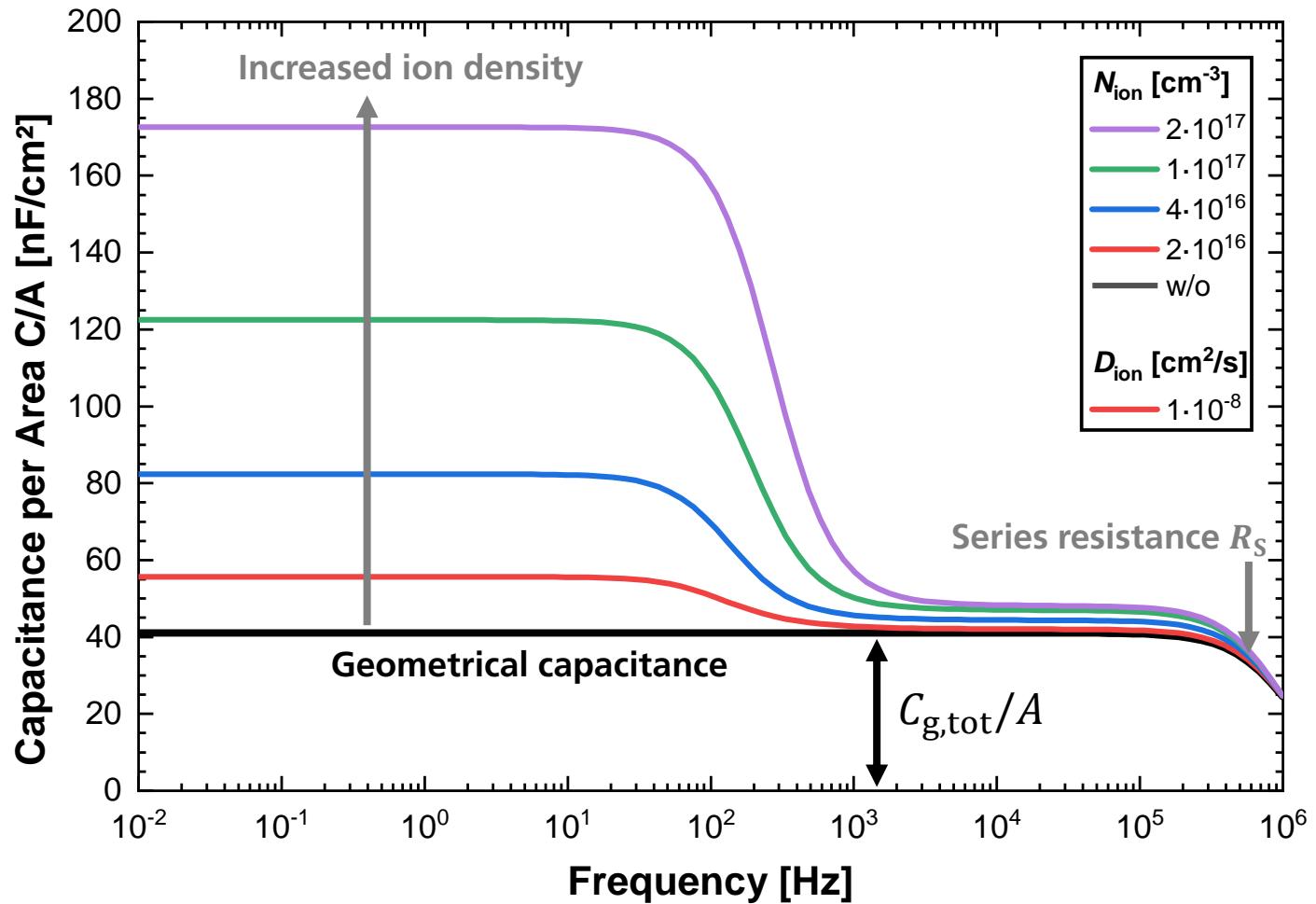
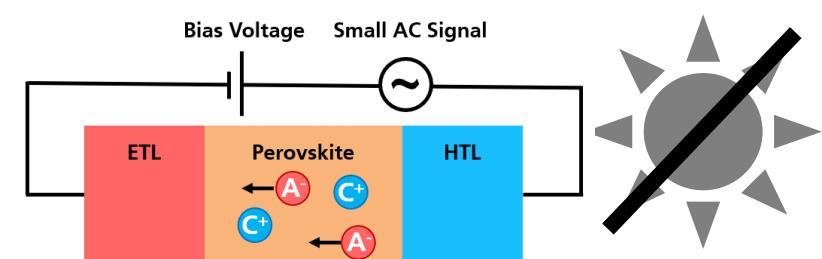
- Dark state, w/o DC bias, w/o ions, varied AC frequency
 - Geometrical capacitances in series connection
 - High-frequency capacitance reduced by series resistance



Ion-induced Capacitances in Perovskite Solar Cells

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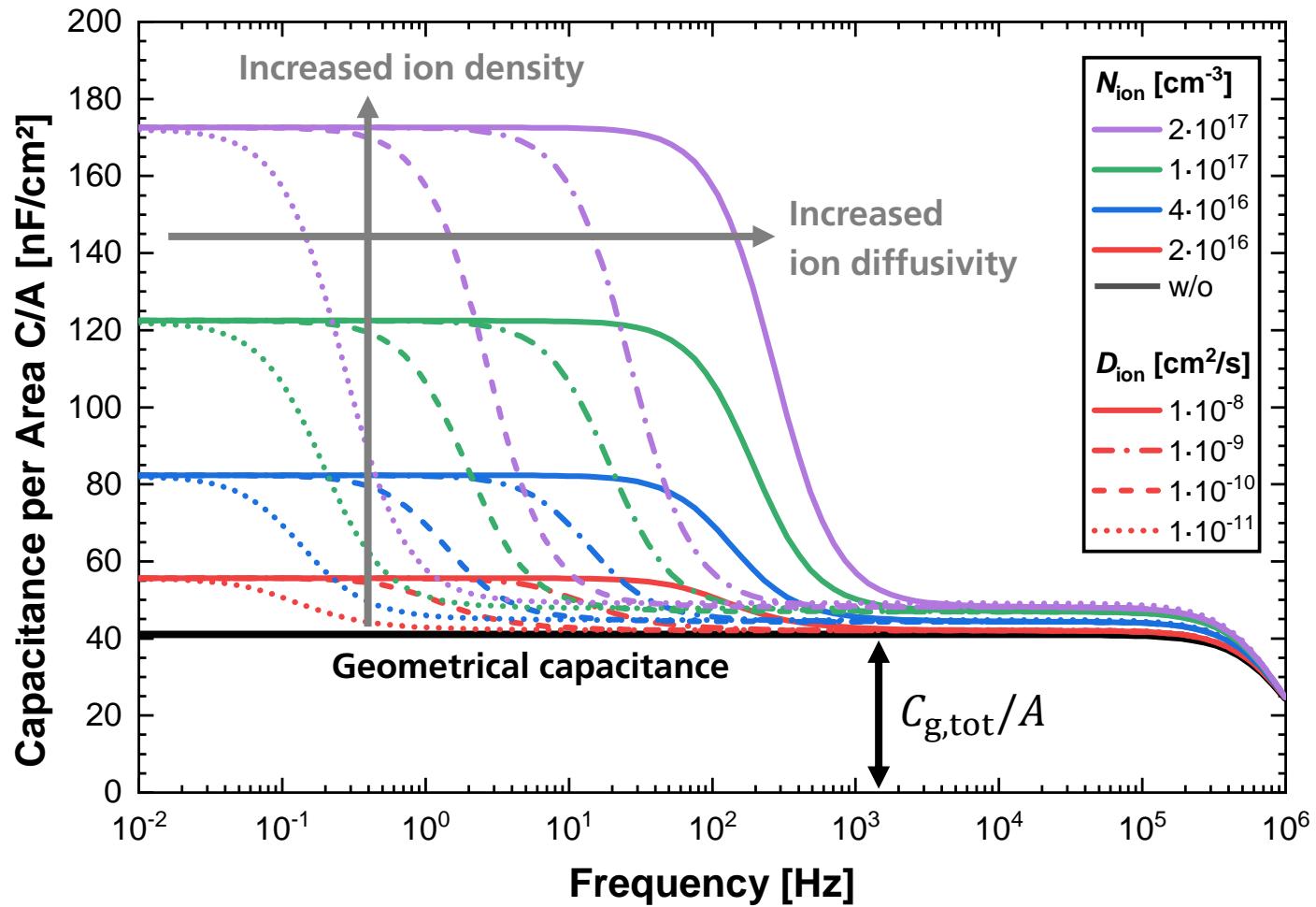
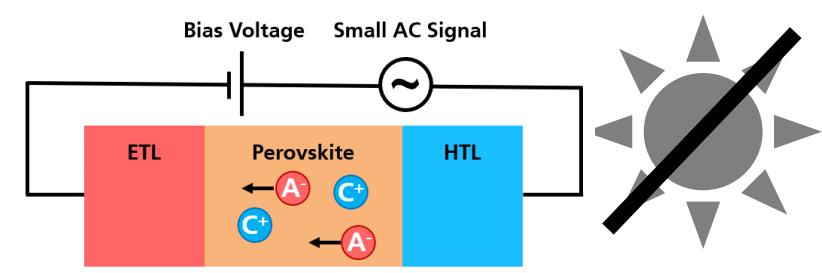
- Dark state, w/o DC bias, w/o ions, varied AC frequency
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 - High-frequency capacitance reduced by series resistance
- Mobile anions with varied concentration (immobile cations)
 - Increased low-frequency response of capacitance



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 - Geometrical capacitances in series connection:
 - High-frequency capacitance reduced by series resistance
- Mobile anions with varied concentration (immobile cations)
 - Increased low-frequency response of capacitance
- Mobile anions with varied diffusivity
 - Characteristic frequency shifts



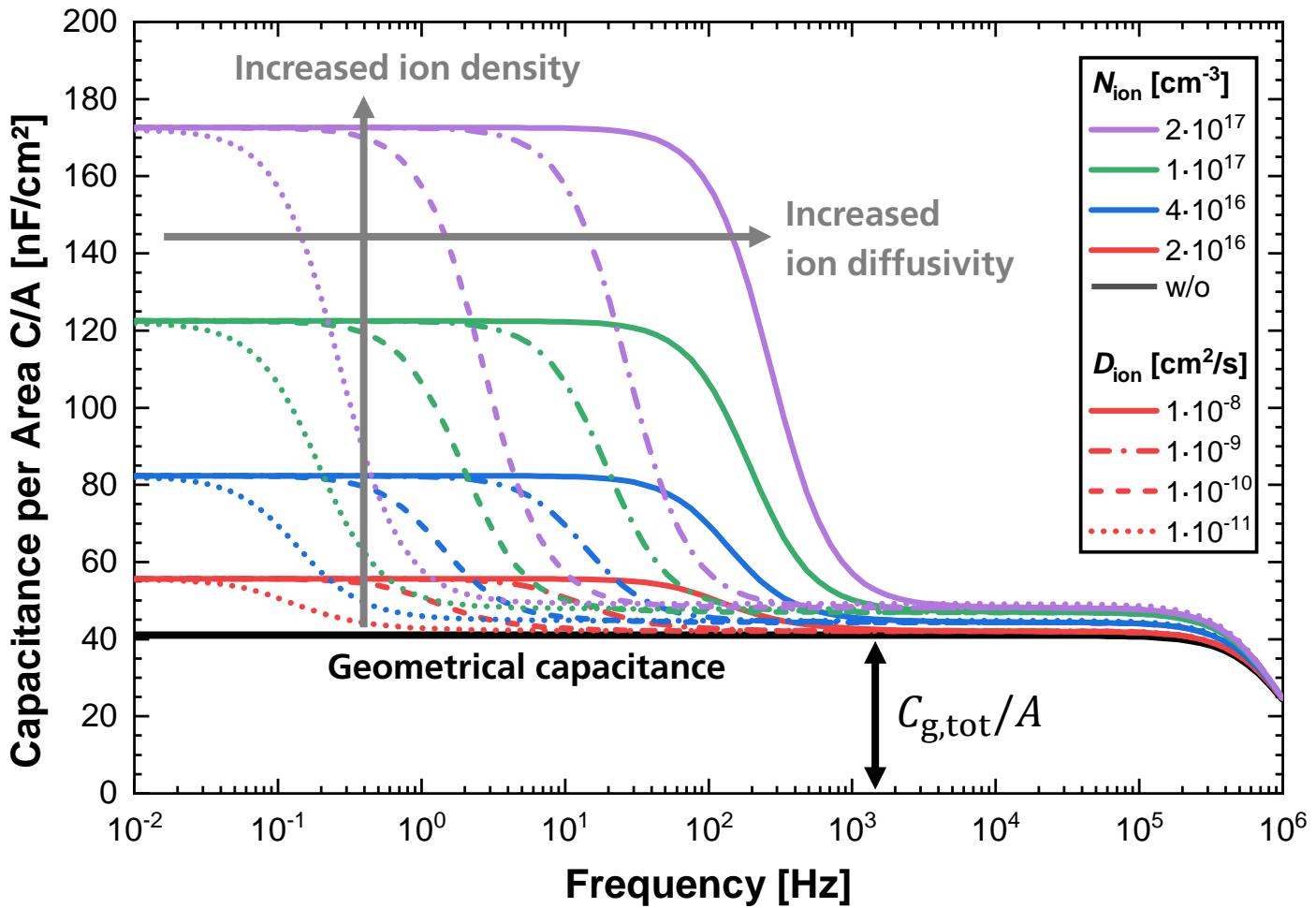
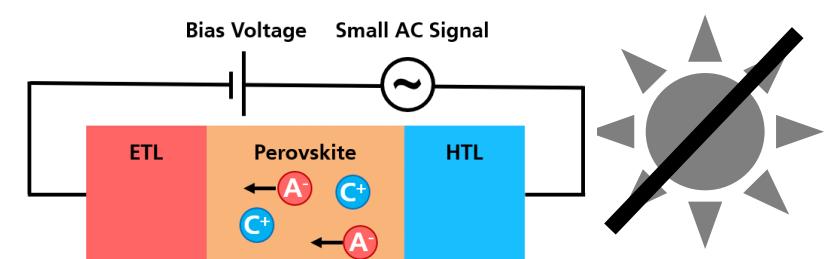
Ion-induced Capacitances in Perovskite Solar Cells

Experimental Evidence

- Perovskite single junction fabricated and measured at IMEC



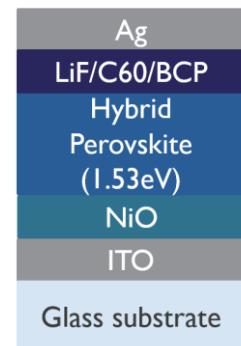
IMO-IMOMEC
▶ UHASSELT



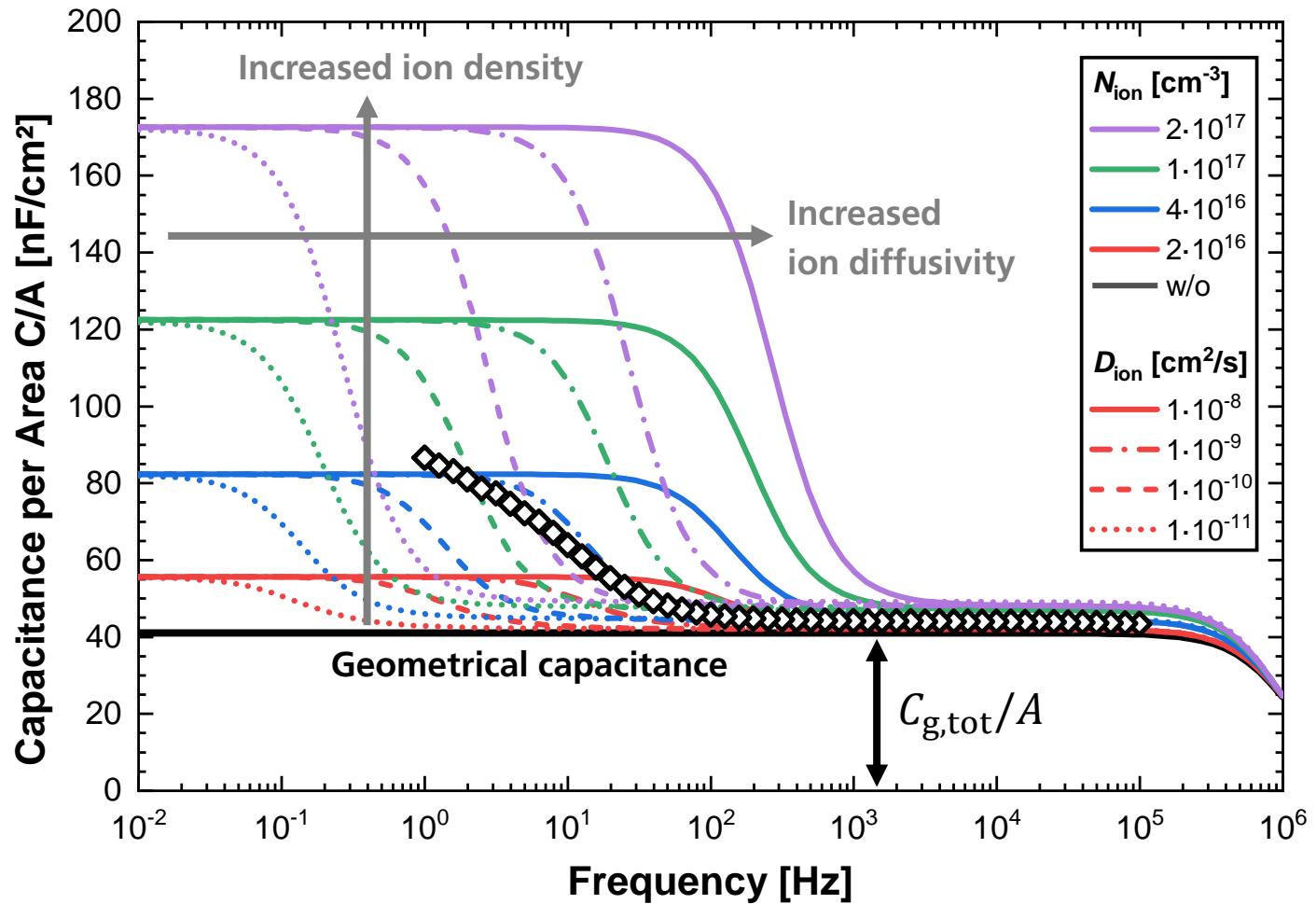
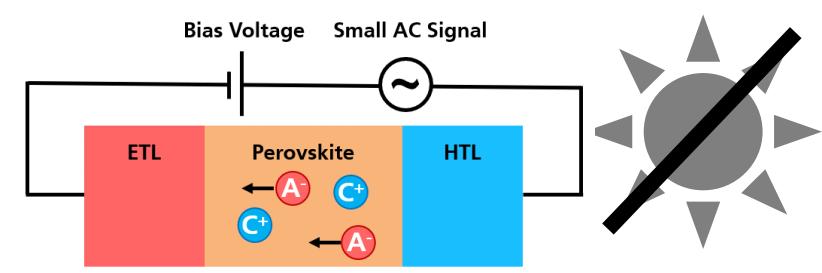
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- What can we deduce from C-f characteristics?



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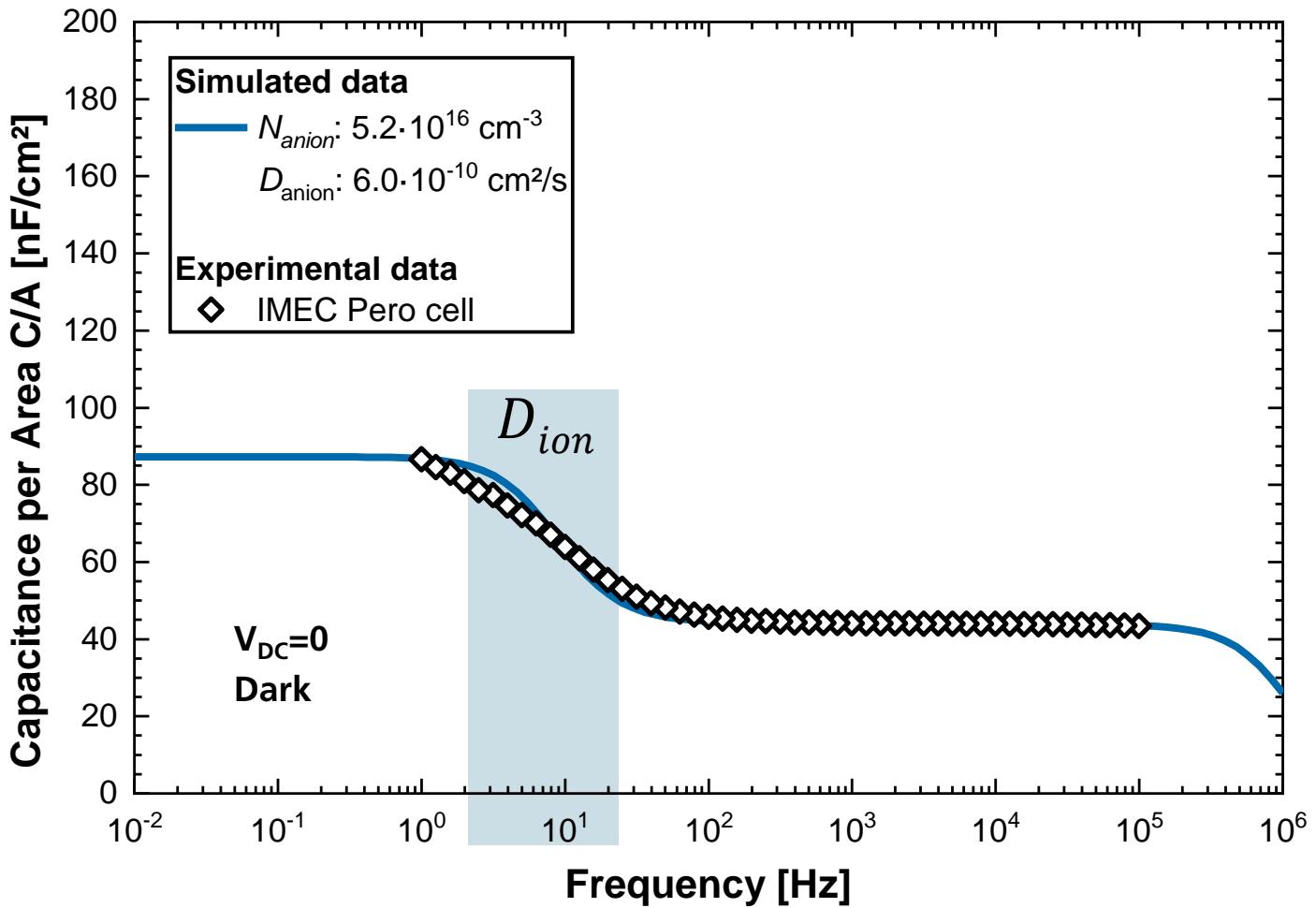
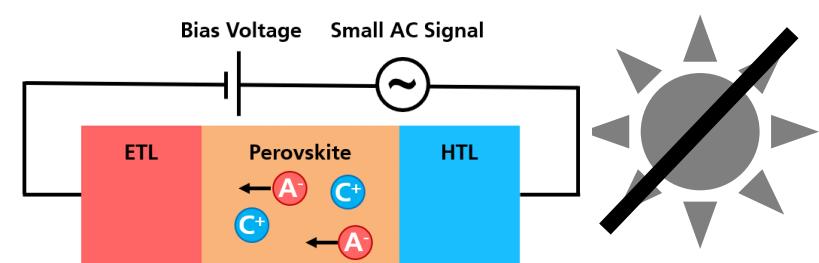
Ion-induced Capacitances in Perovskite Solar Cells

Experimental Evidence

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- What can we deduce from $C-f$ characteristics?
 - Characteristic frequency f , here around 10 Hz
→ **Ion diffusivity** of $6 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$



IMO-IMOMEC
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Ion-induced Capacitances in Perovskite Solar Cells

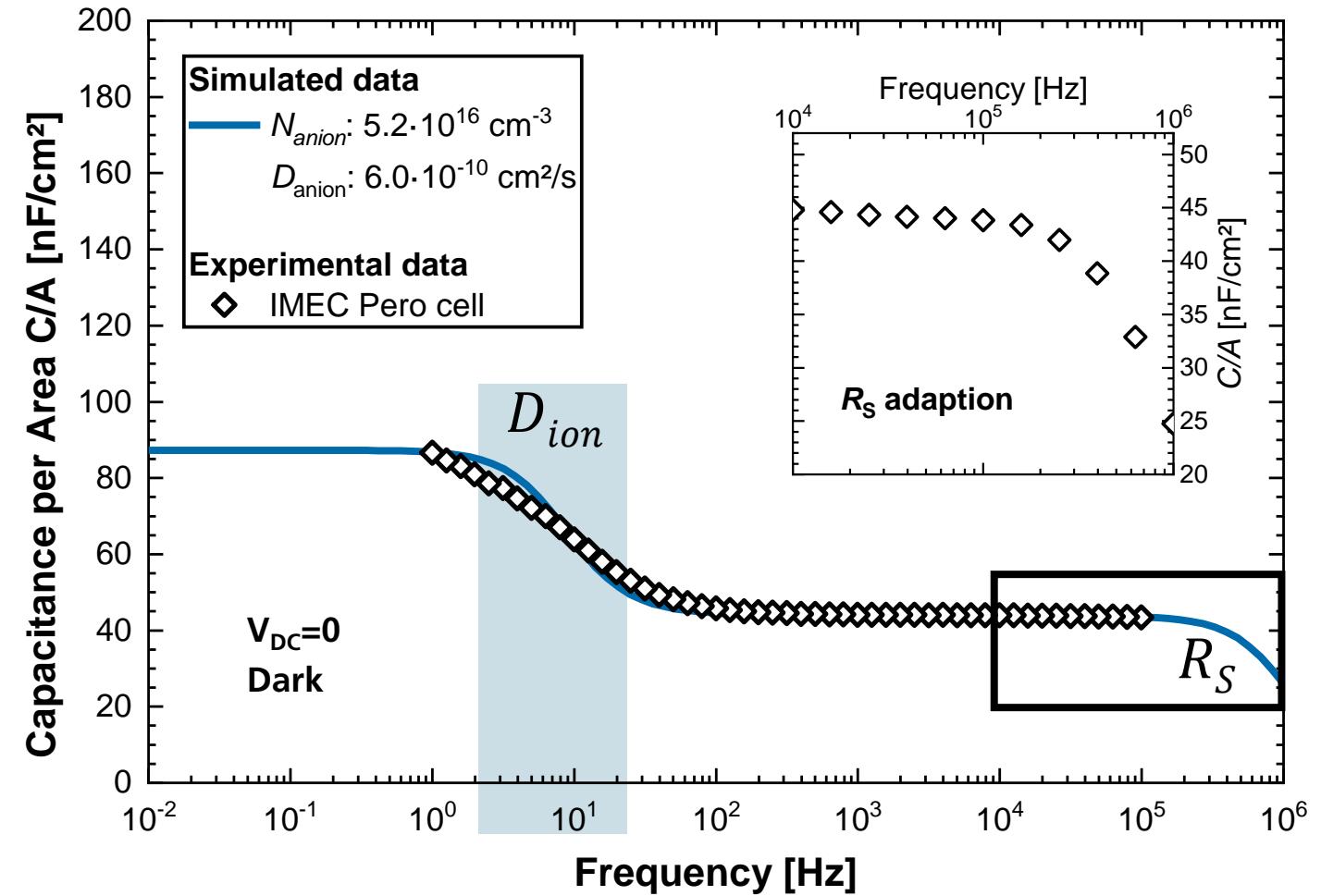
Experimental
◊ Effective area

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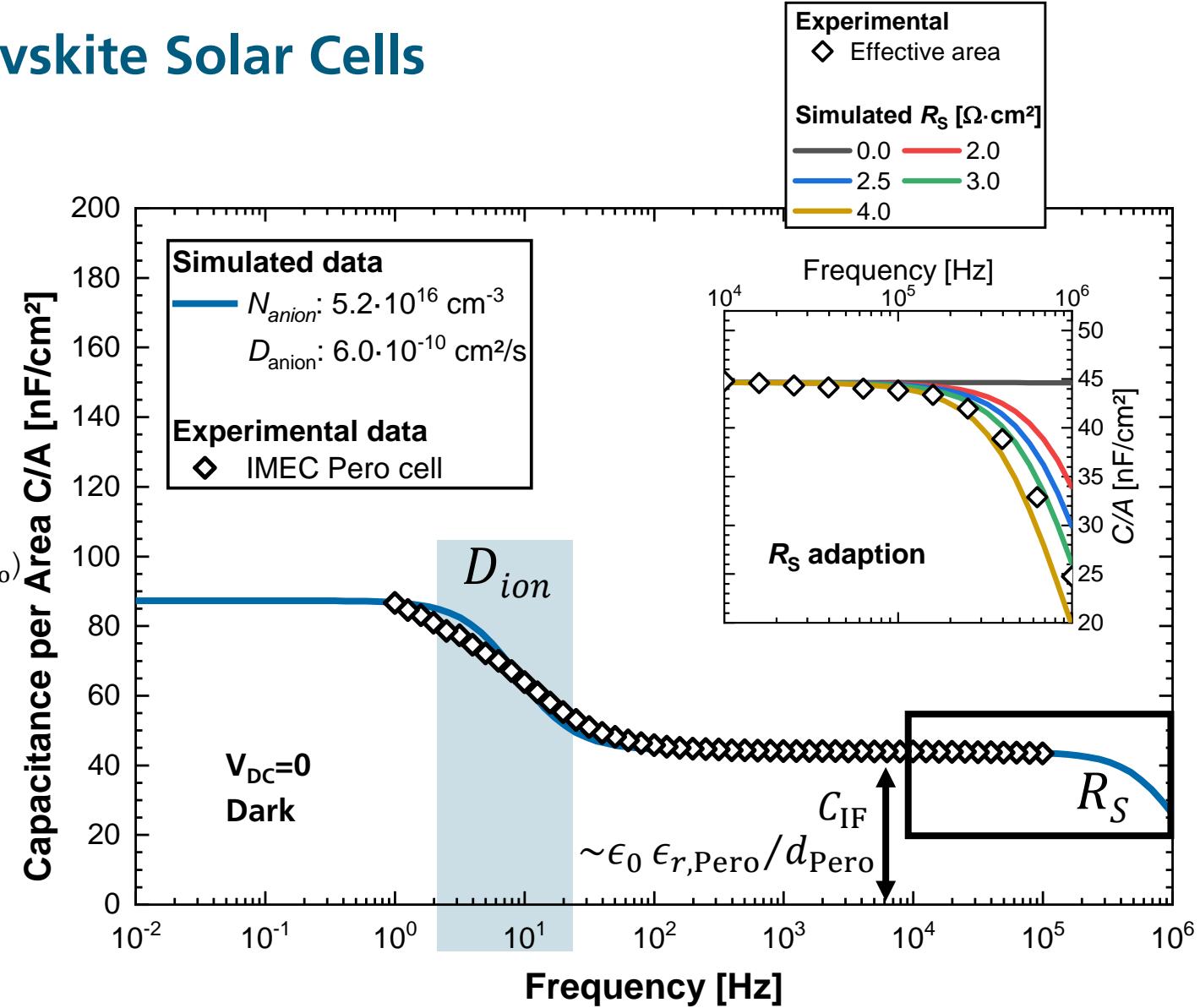
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 - Characteristic frequency f , here around 10 Hz
→ **Ion diffusivity** of $6 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$
 - High-frequency regime (measured on similar sample)
→ **Series resistance** of device is about $3 \Omega \cdot \text{cm}^2$
 - C_{IF} (for negligible capacitances of CTLs):
→ **Dielectric permittivity** of perovskite (for known d_{Pero})



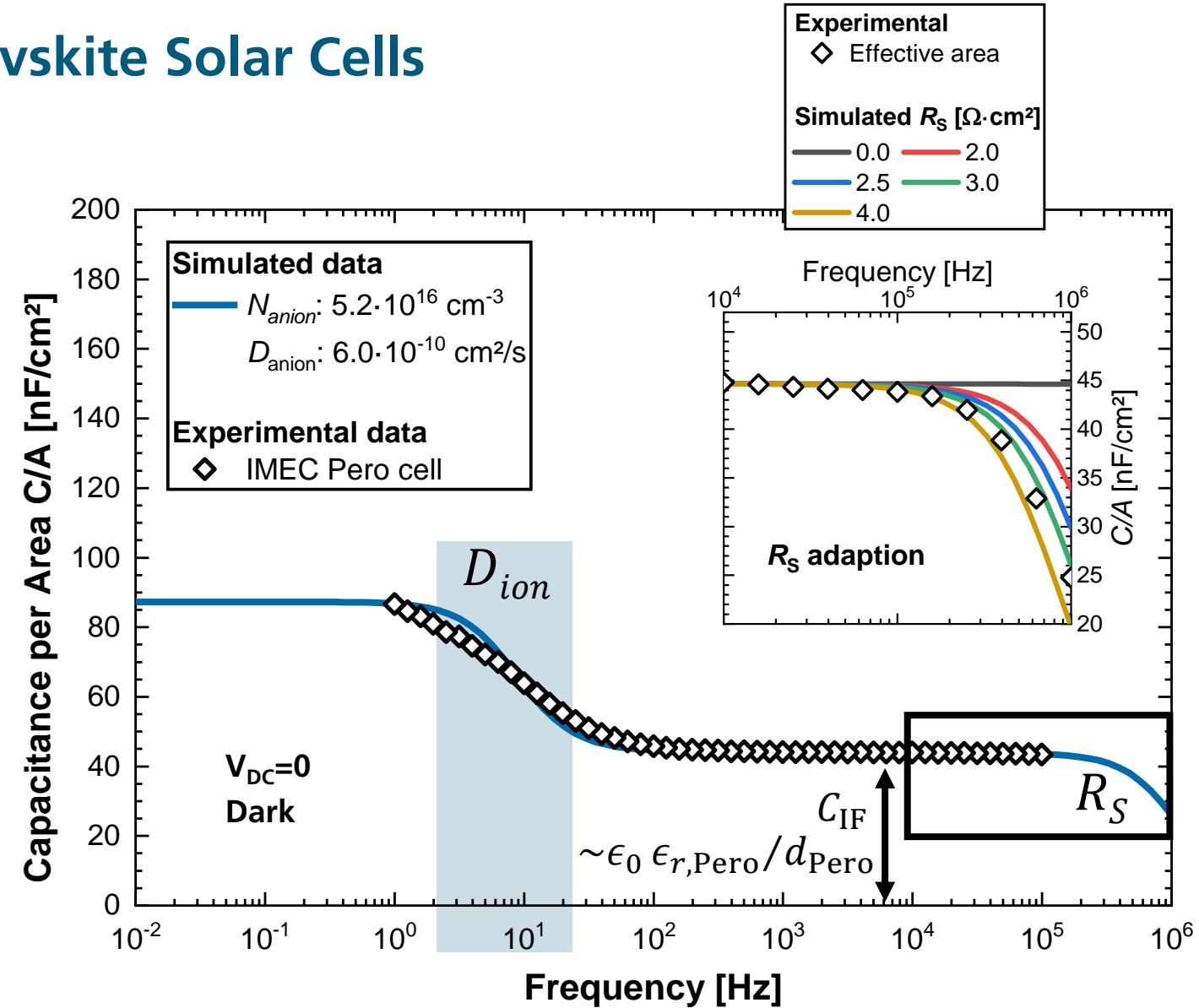
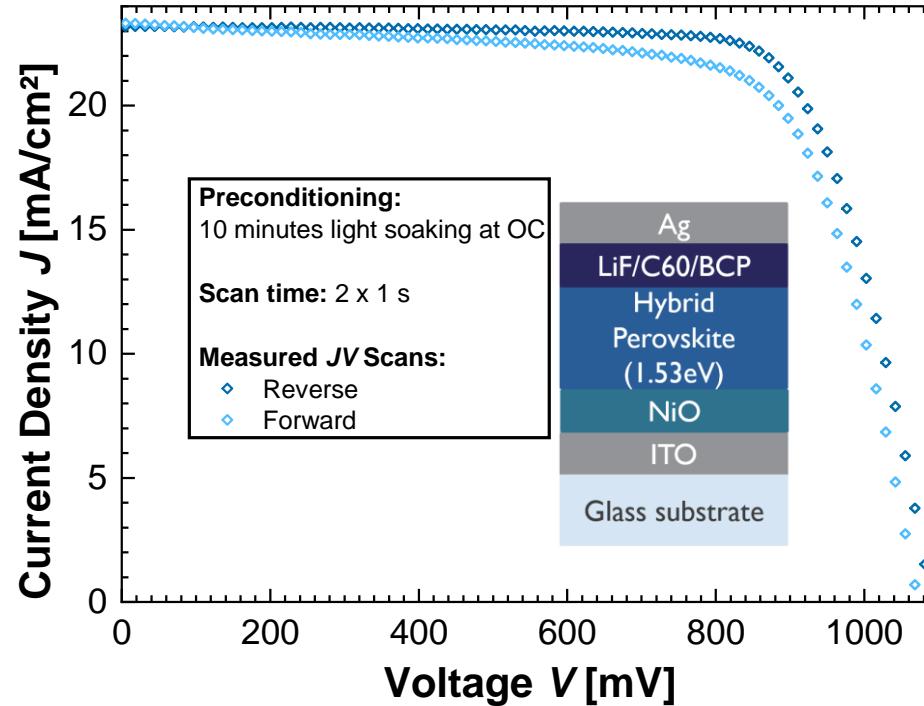
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Ion-induced Capacitances in Perovskite Solar Cells

Relation to JV Hysteresis

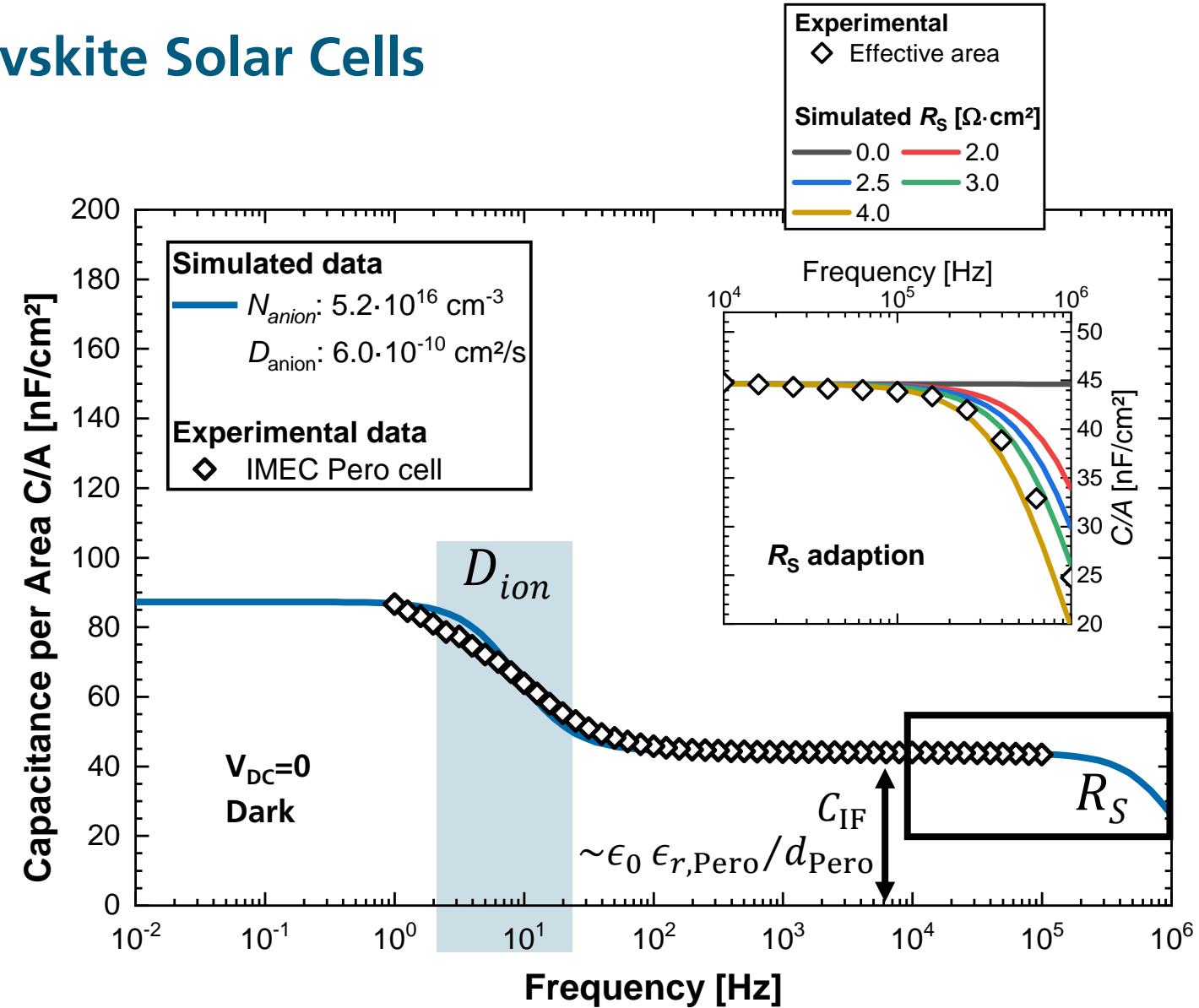
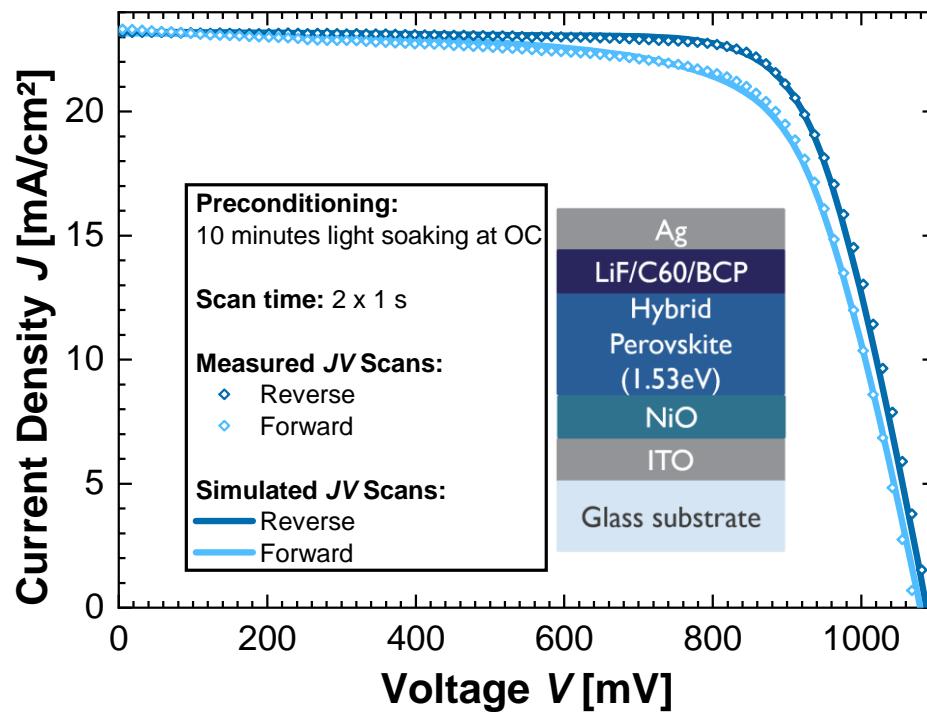
- Measured JV reverse and forward scan for same sample



Ion-induced Capacitances in Perovskite Solar Cells

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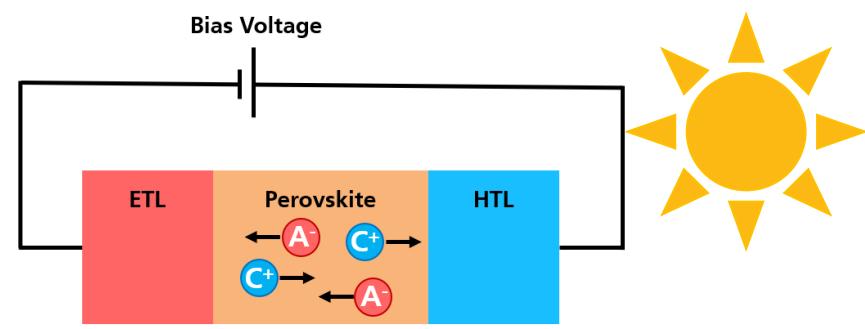
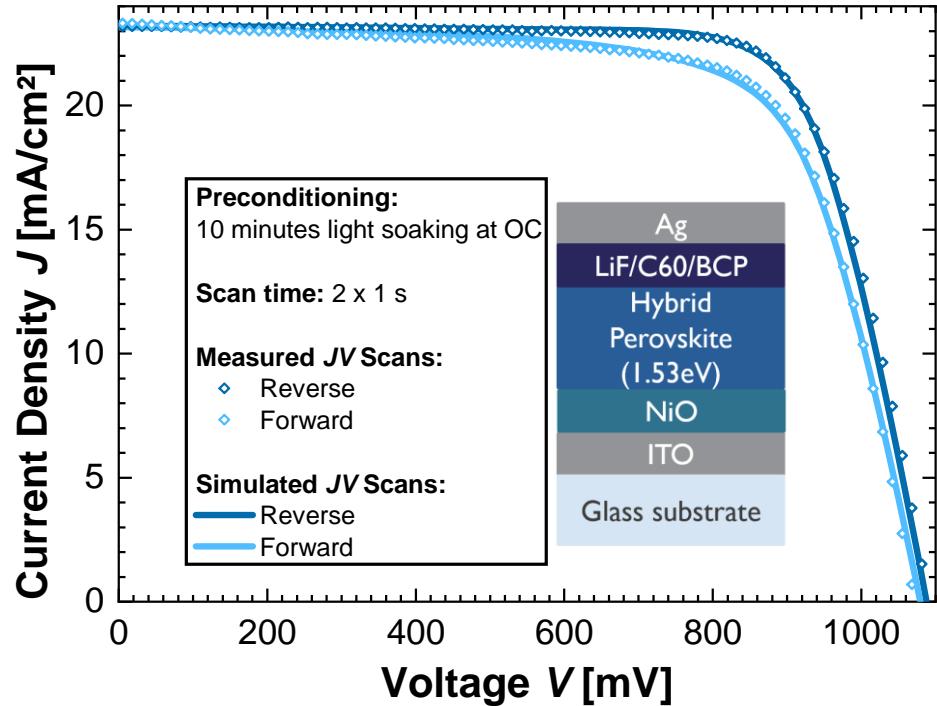
- Measured JV reverse and forward scan for same sample
- Simulated JV scans with parameters from C-f analysis
 - Very good agreement indicating the relation between C-f characteristics and JV hysteresis



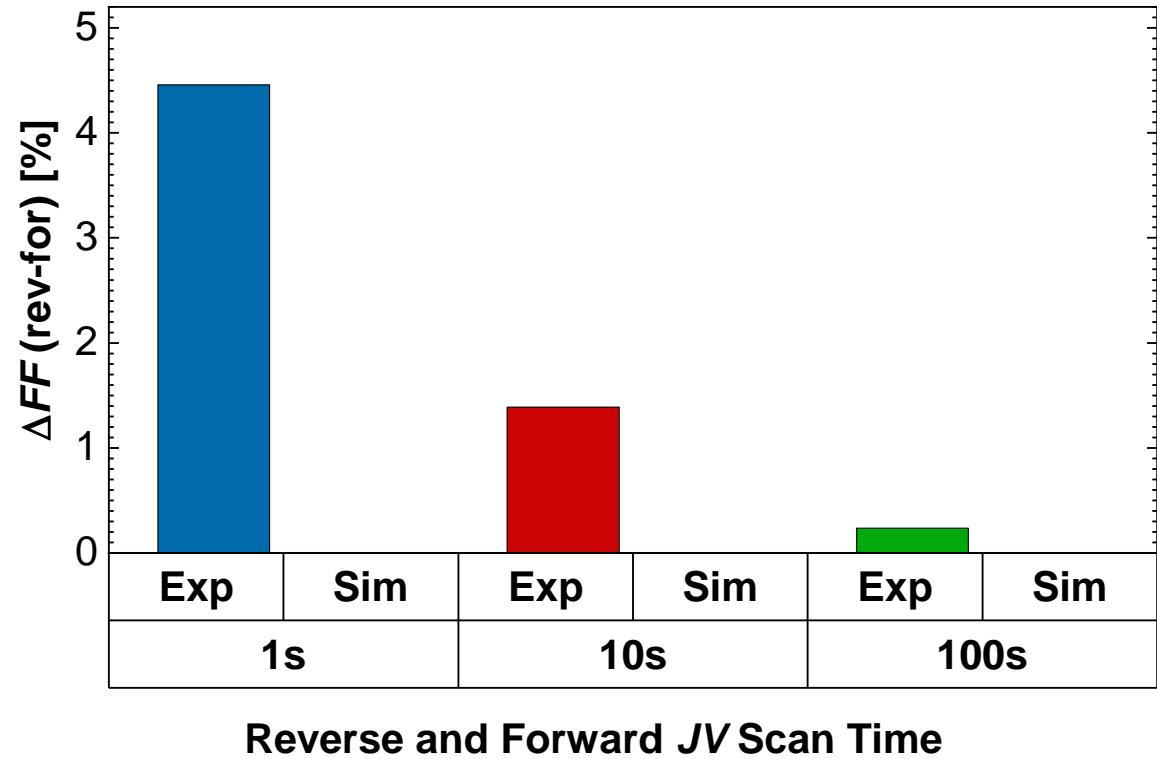
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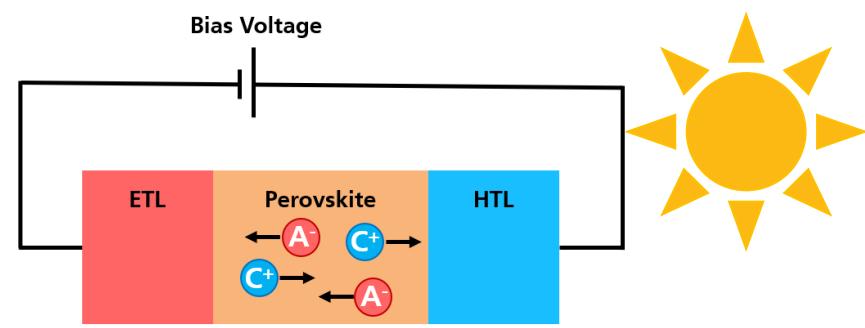
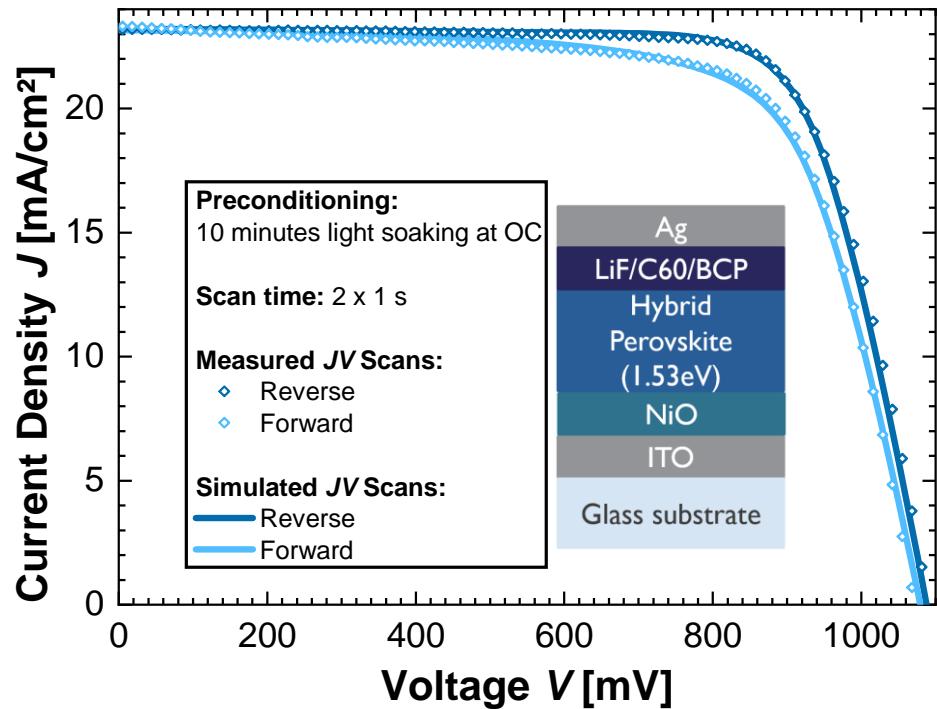
JV Hysteresis: Experiment and Simulation



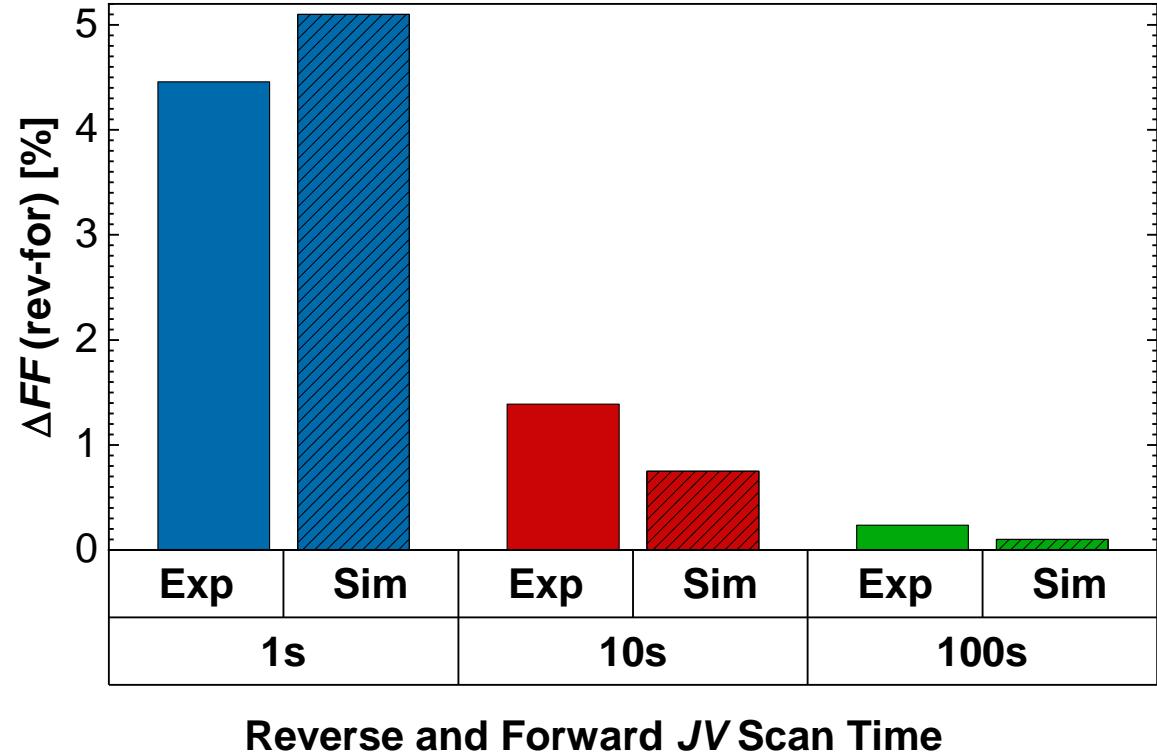
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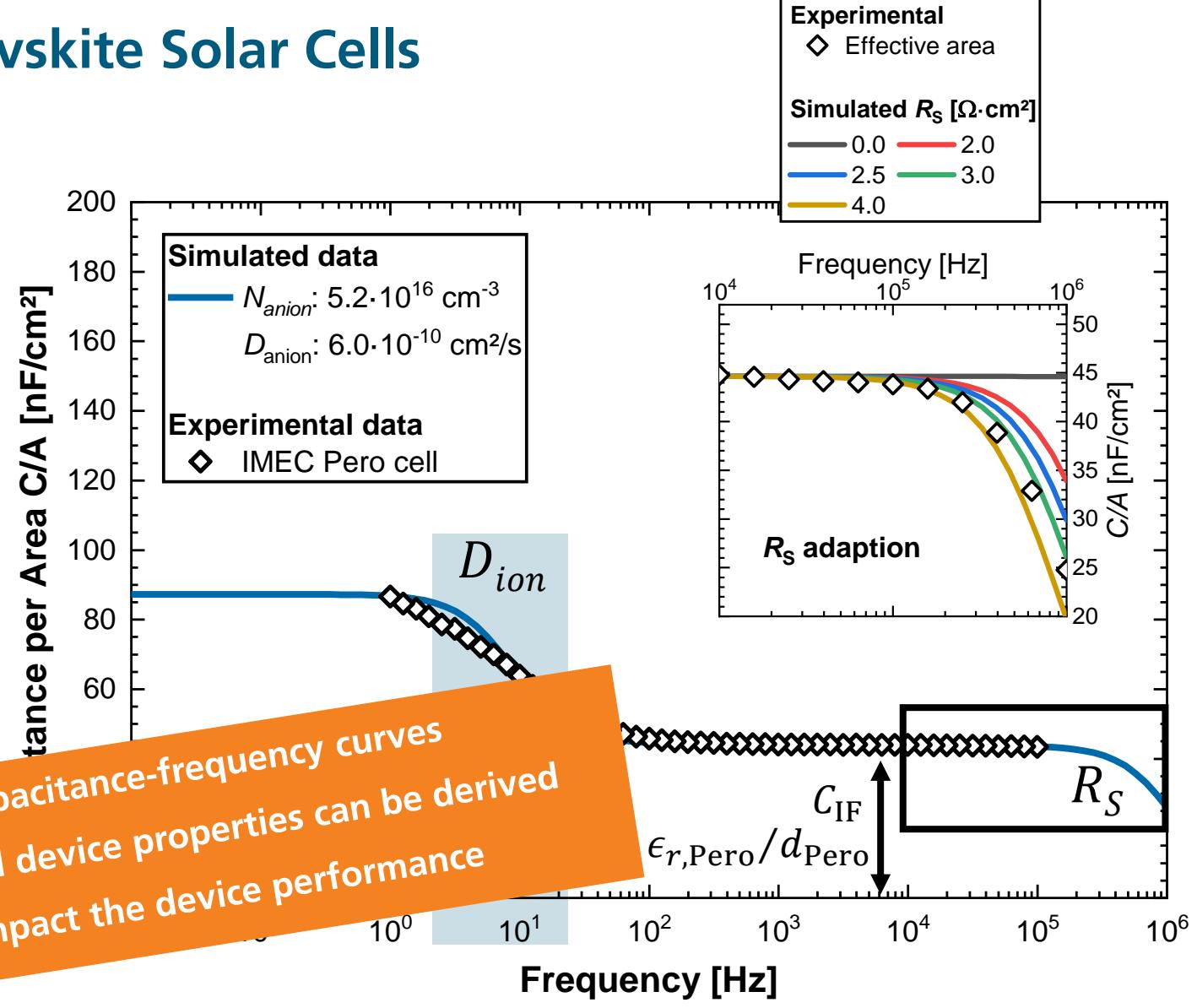
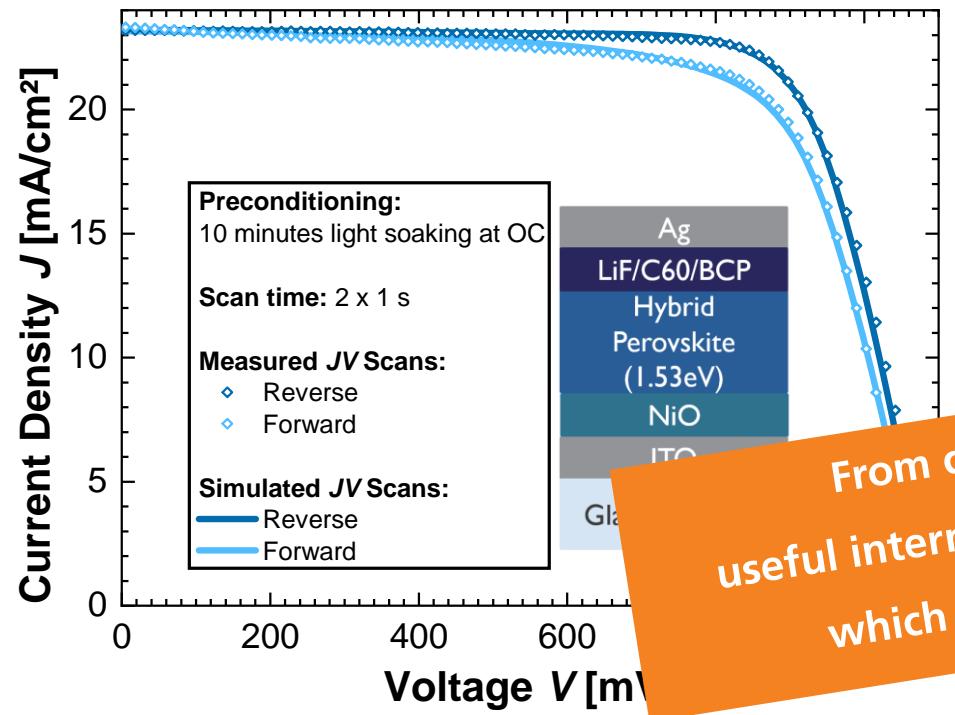
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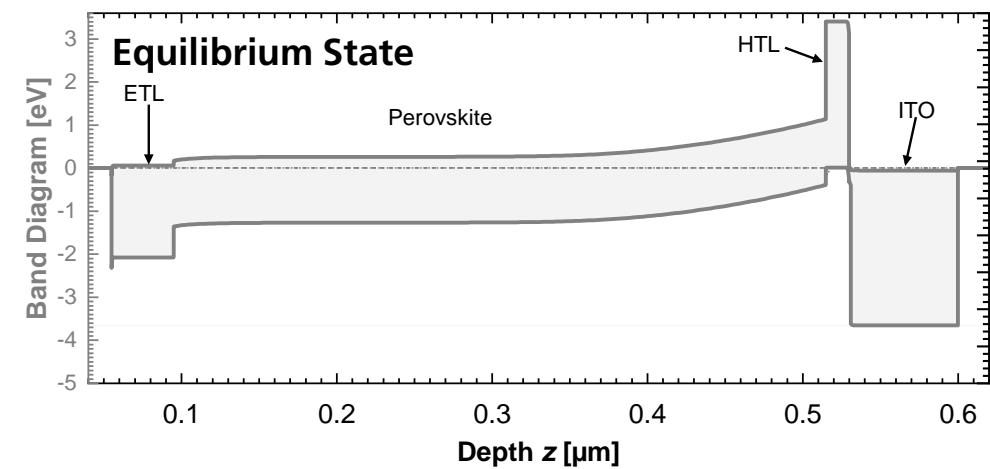
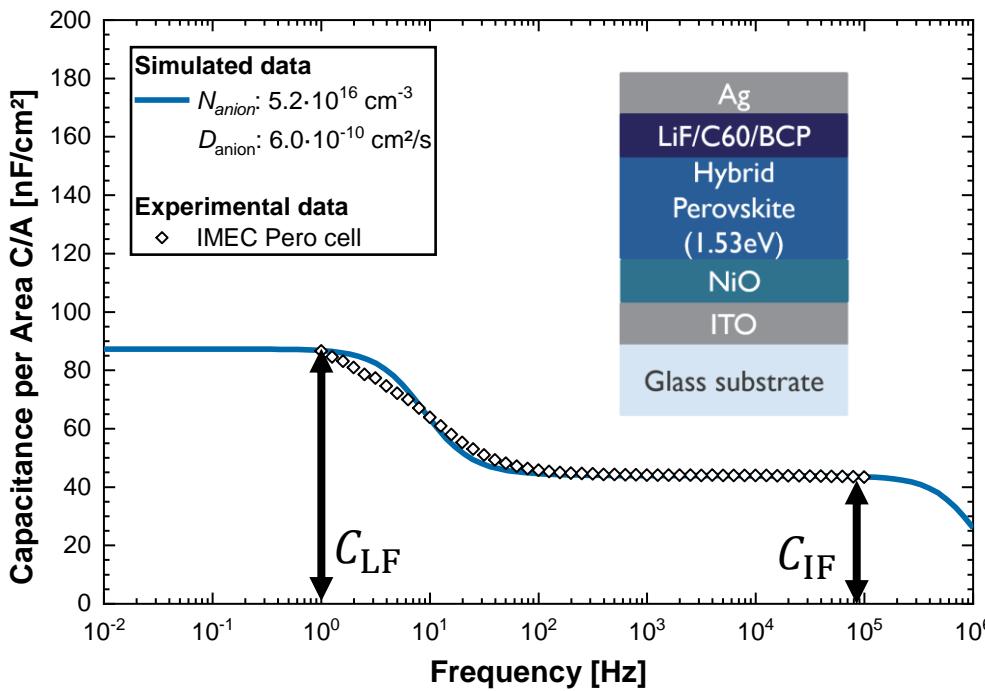
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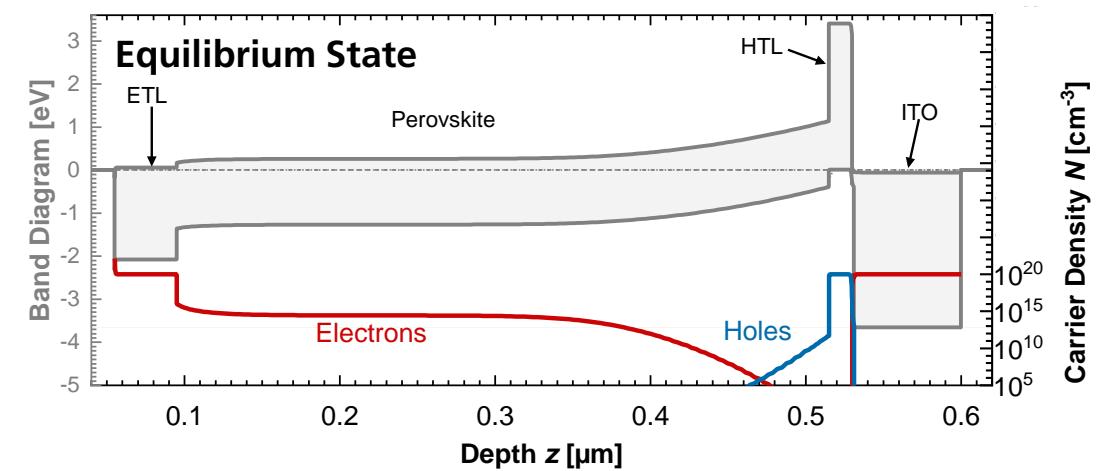
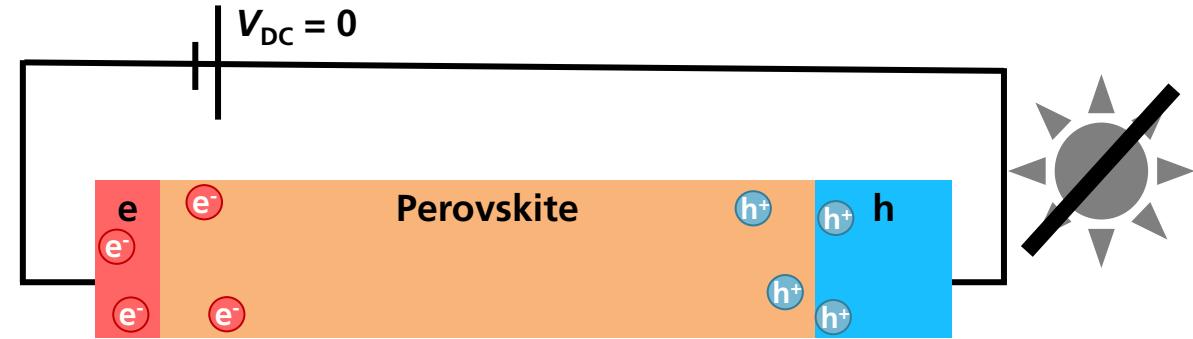
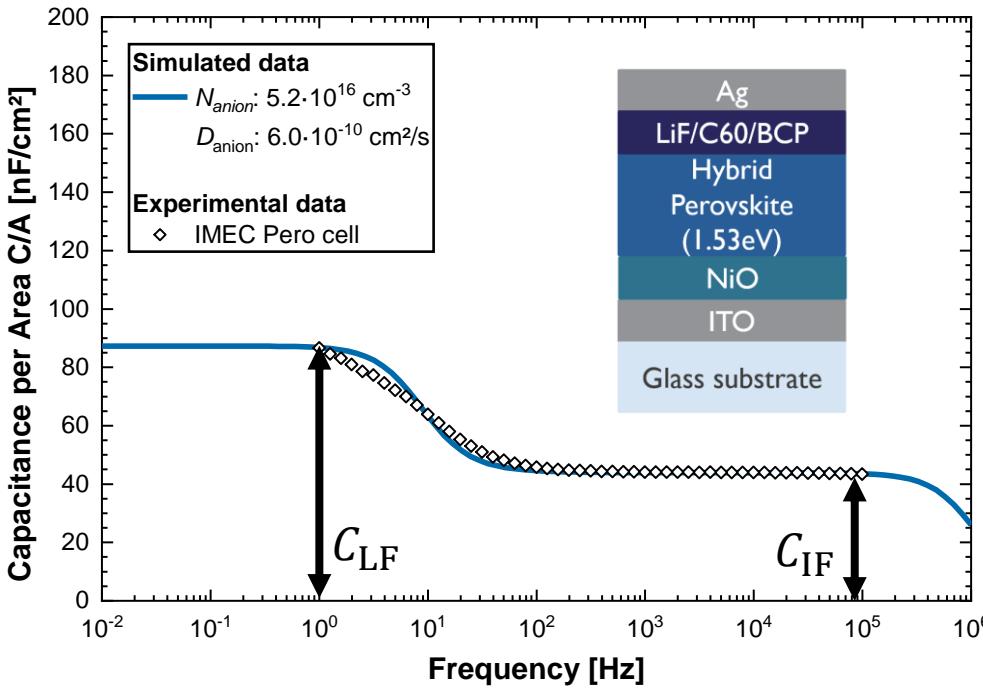
Ion-Induced Capacitances

In-Depth Analysis of the Capacitance Plateau



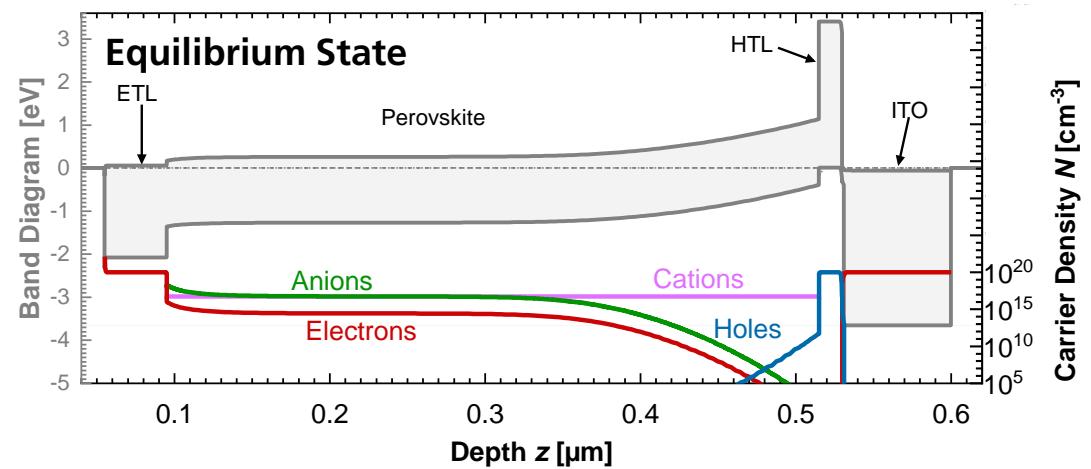
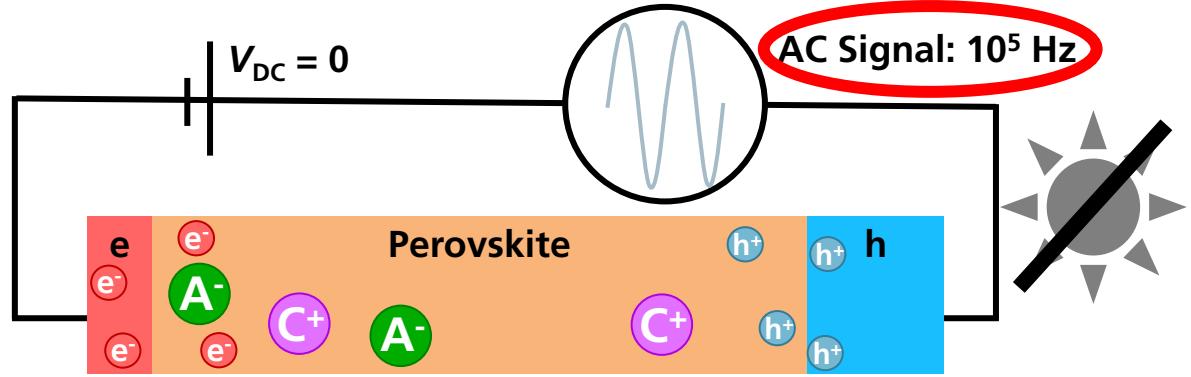
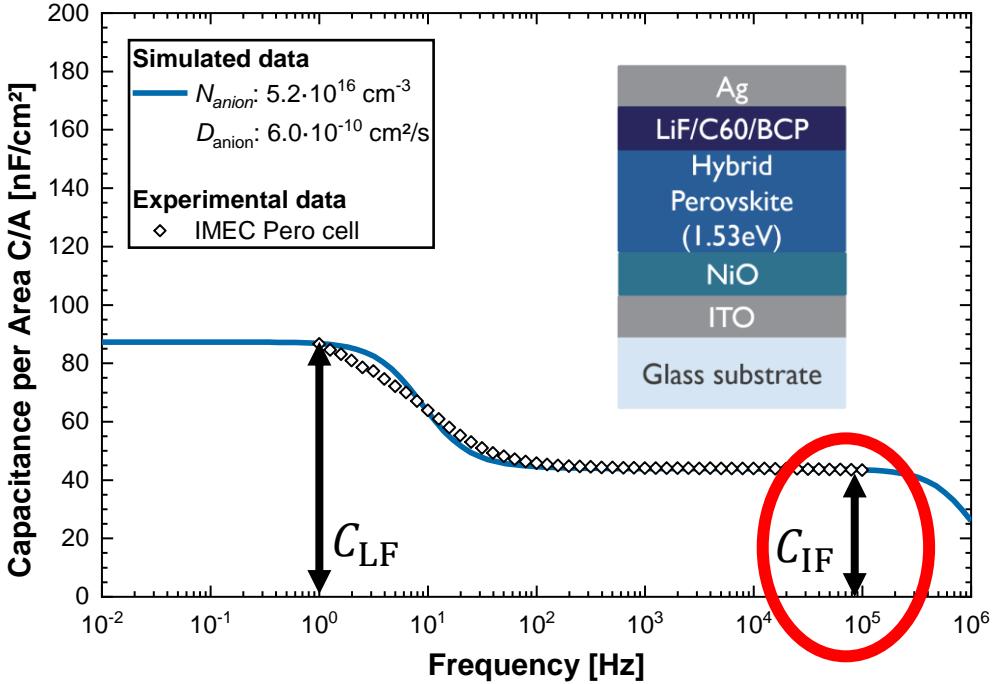
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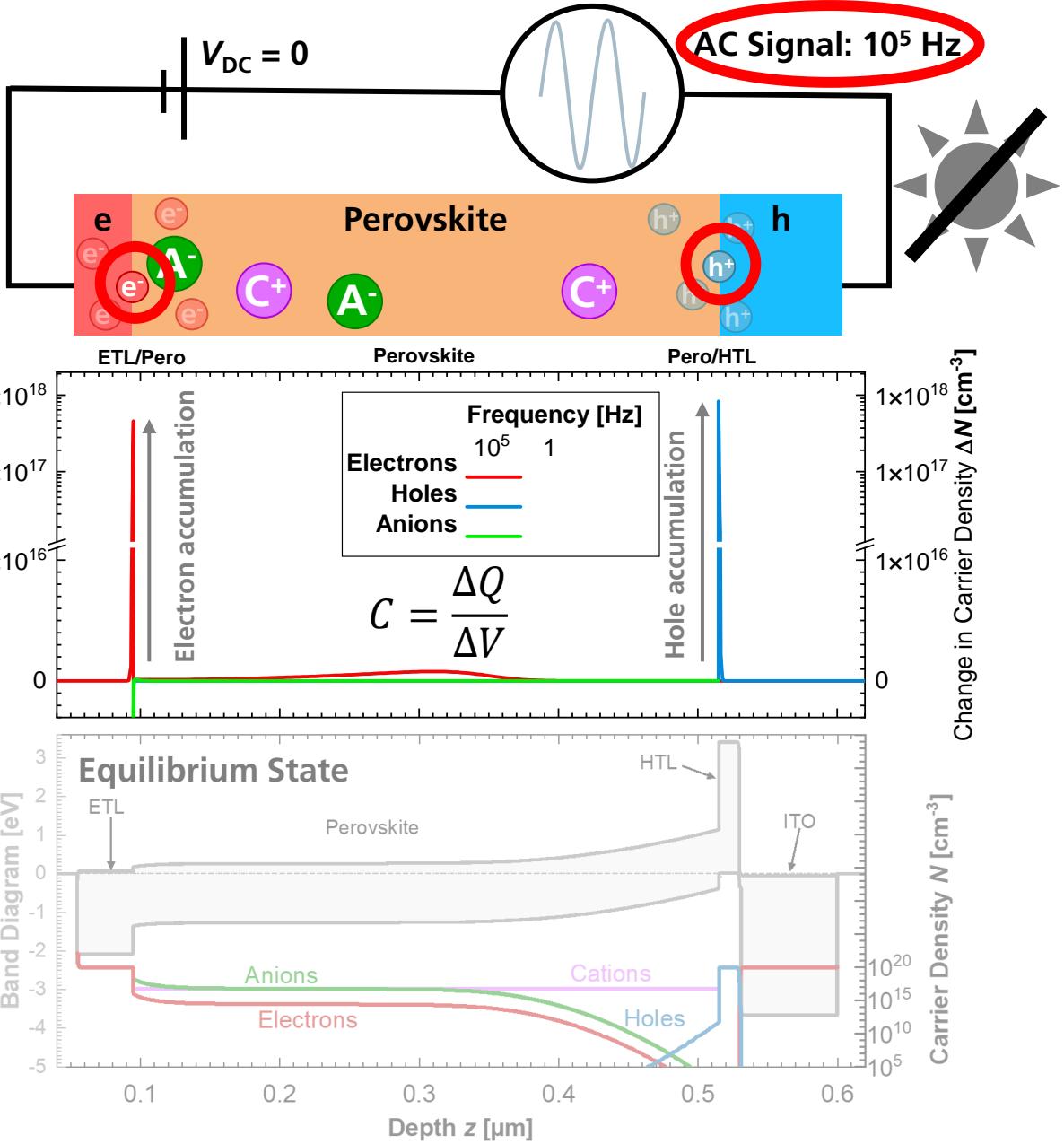
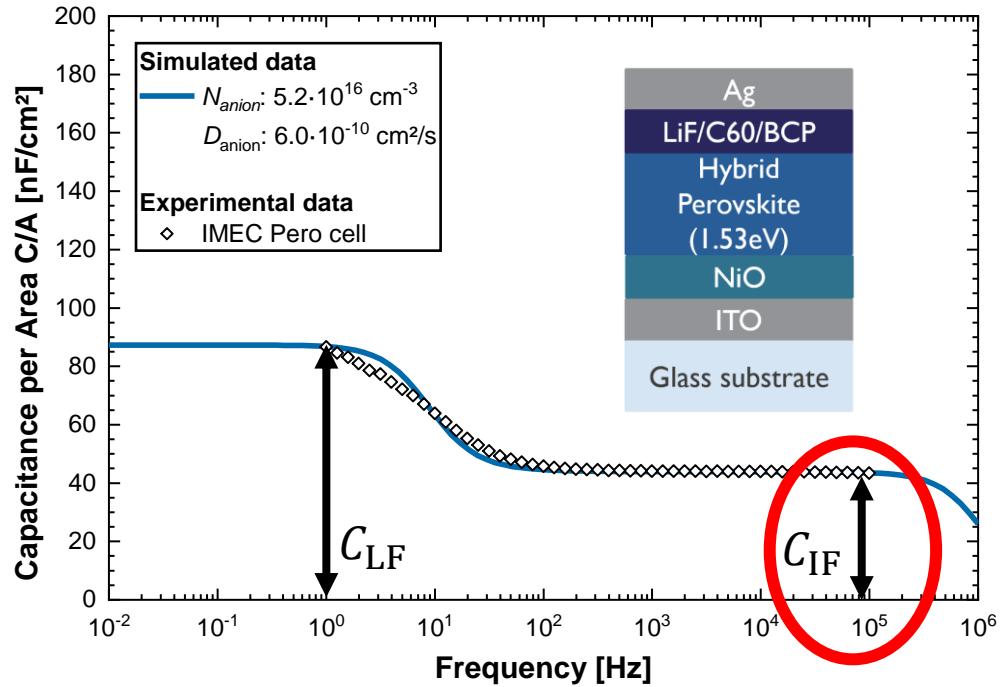
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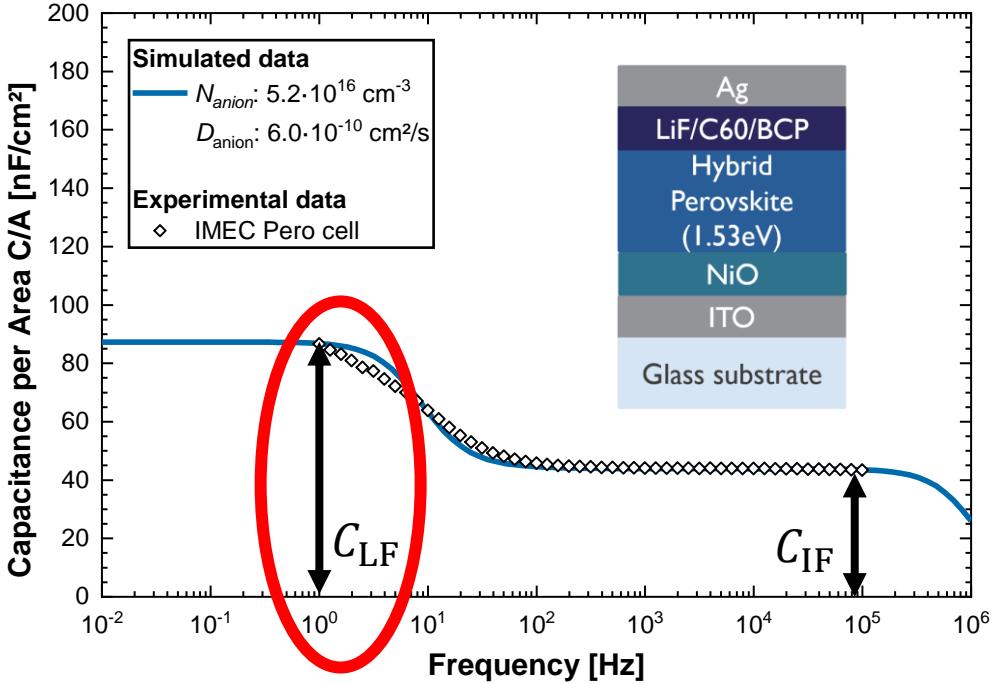
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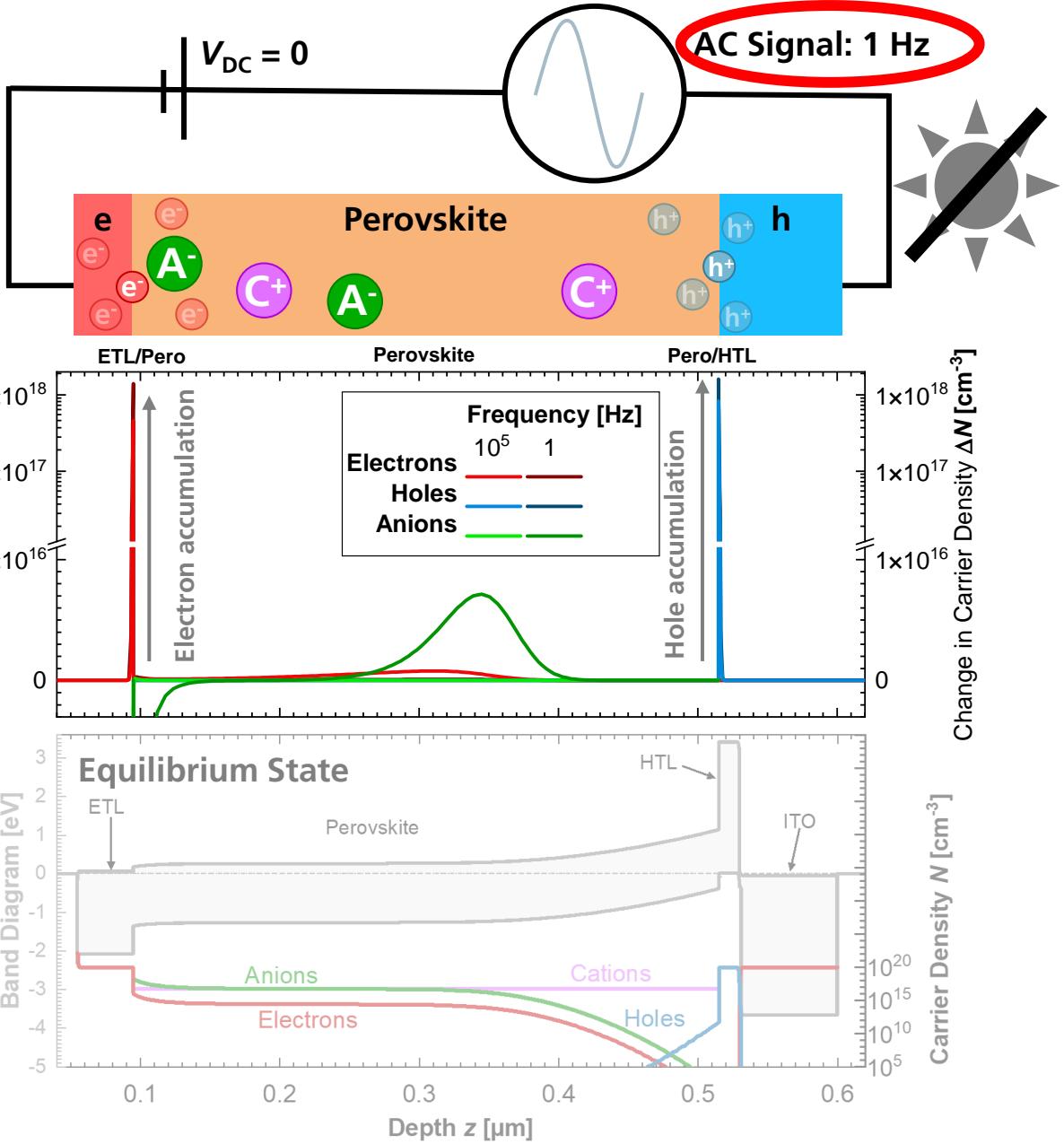
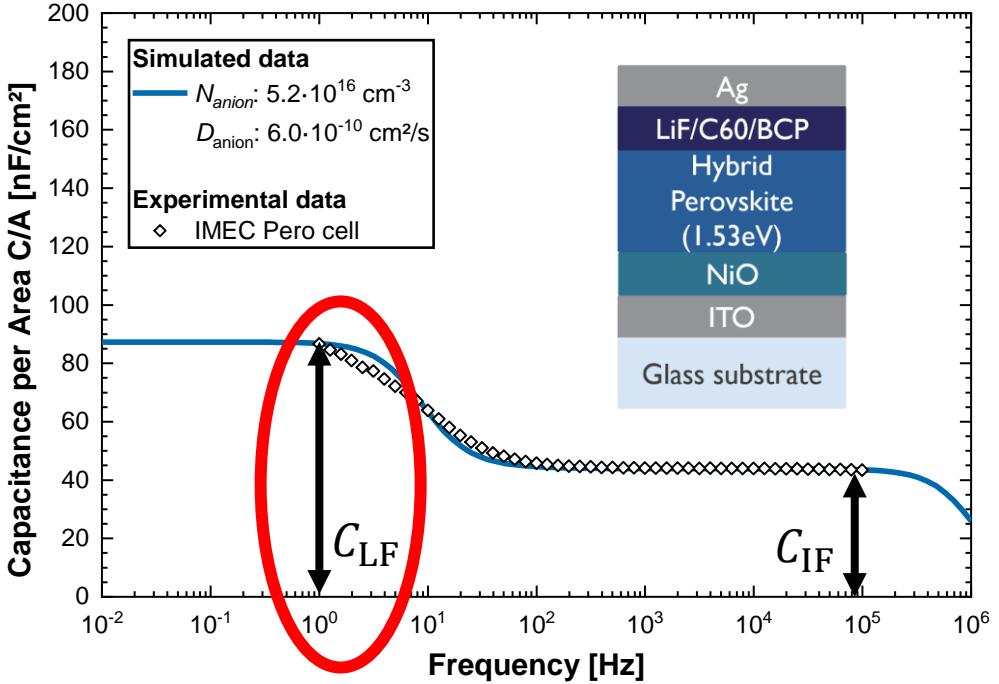
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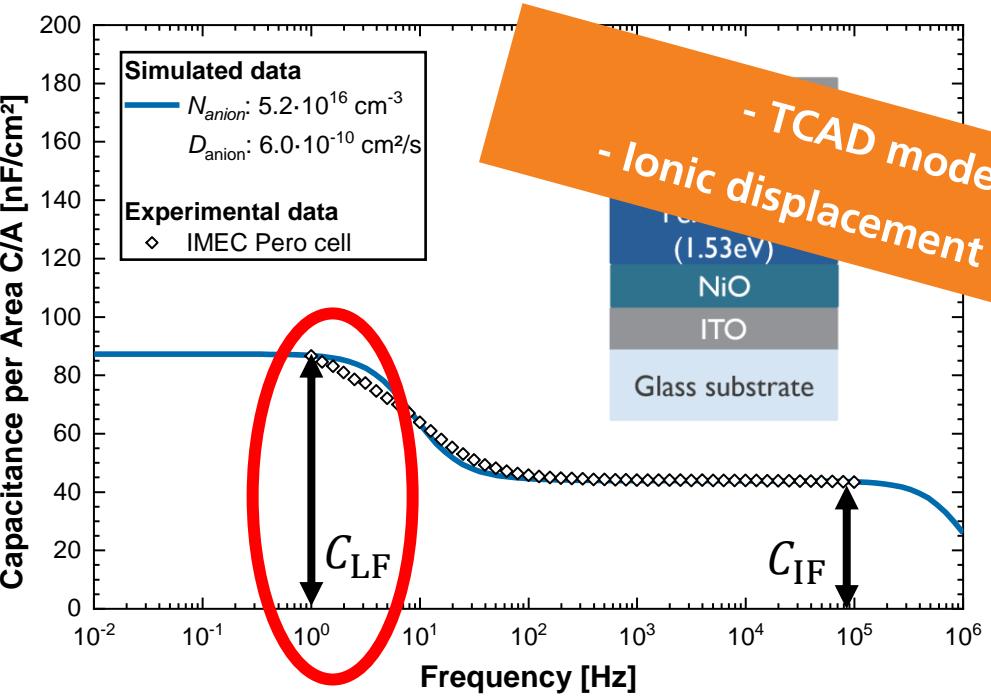
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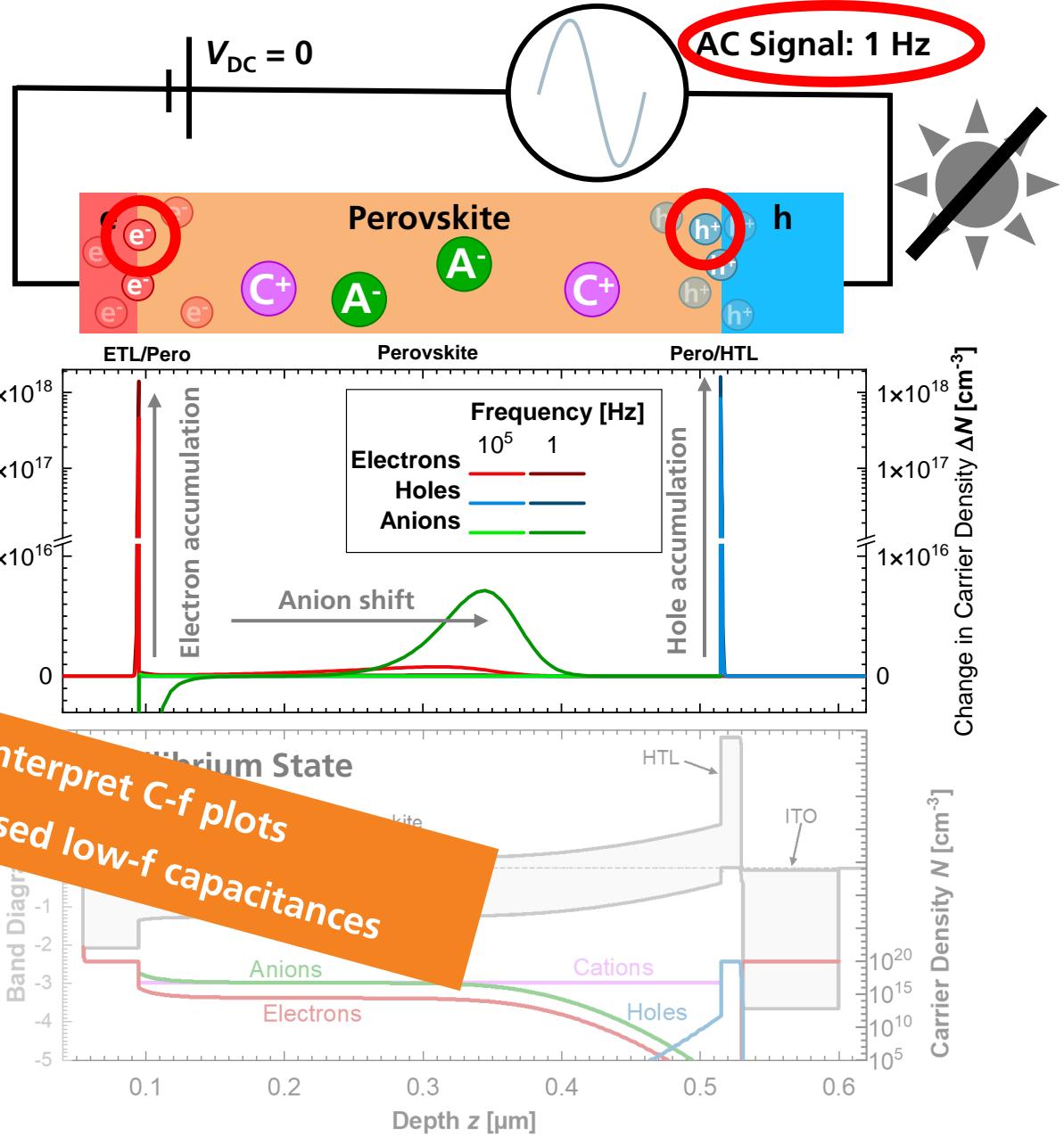
Ion-Induced Capacitances

In-Depth Analysis of the Capacitance Plateau

- C_{IF} corresponds to charge accumulation at Pero/ETL, Pero/HTL interface
- C_{LF} : **Anion displacement** from ETL interface towards bulk leads to further charge carrier accumulation
 - → C_{LF} depends on N_{ion} , **but also on** built-in potential, cations, ...

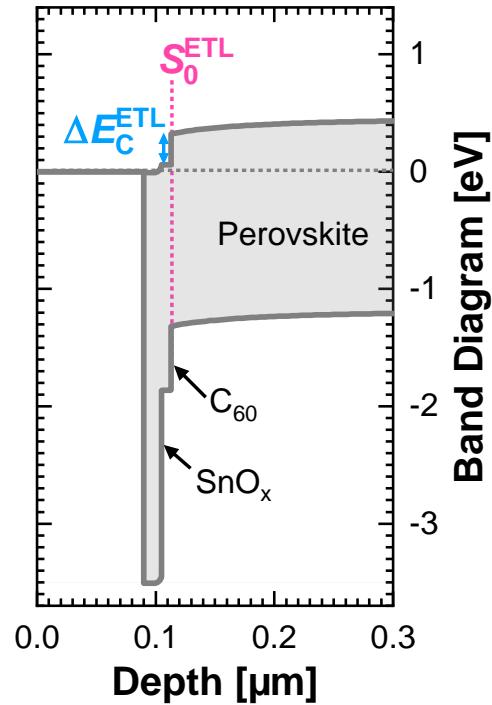
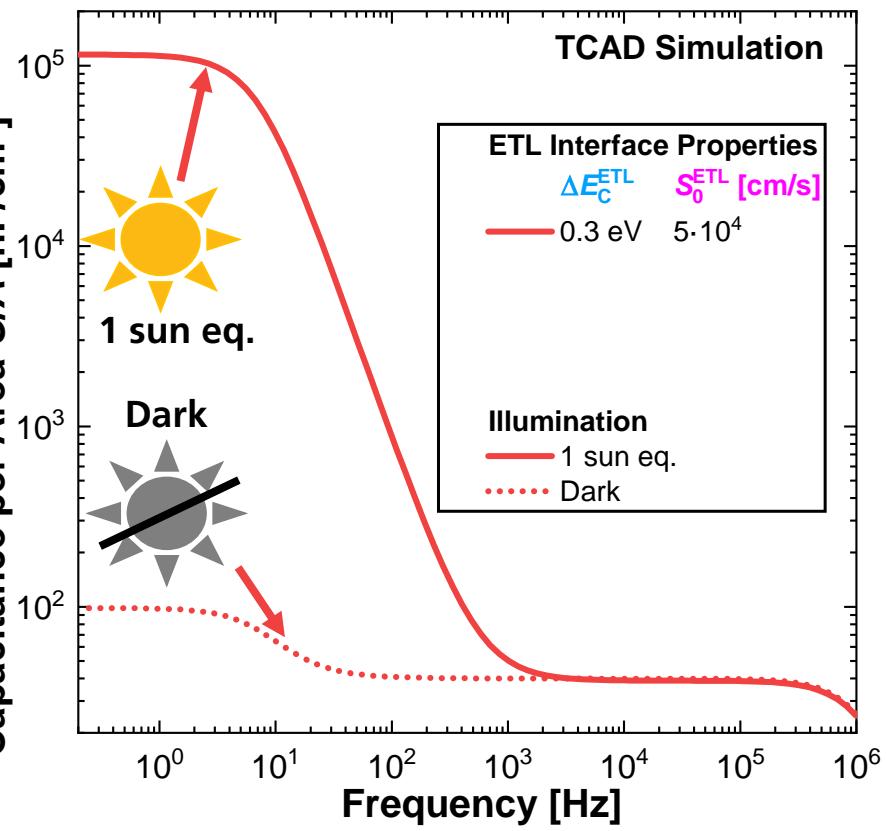


- TCAD modelling helps to interpret C-f plots
- Ionic displacement leads to increased low-f capacitances



Ion-Induced Capacitances under Illumination

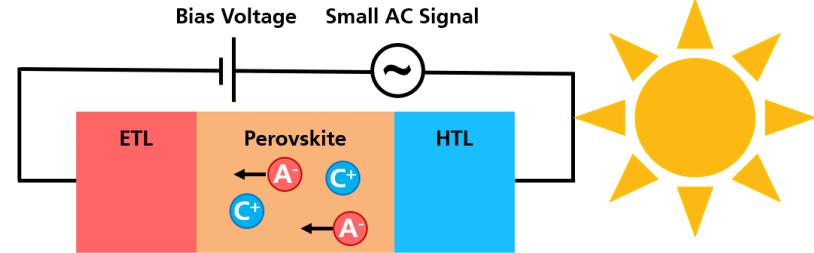
TCAD Simulation



- Simulated dark and light $C-f$ curves

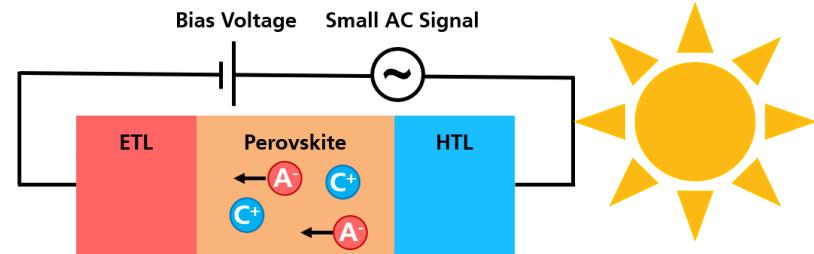
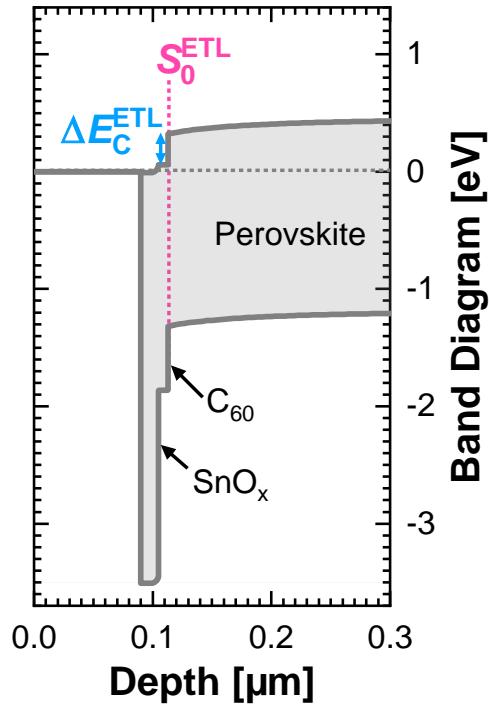
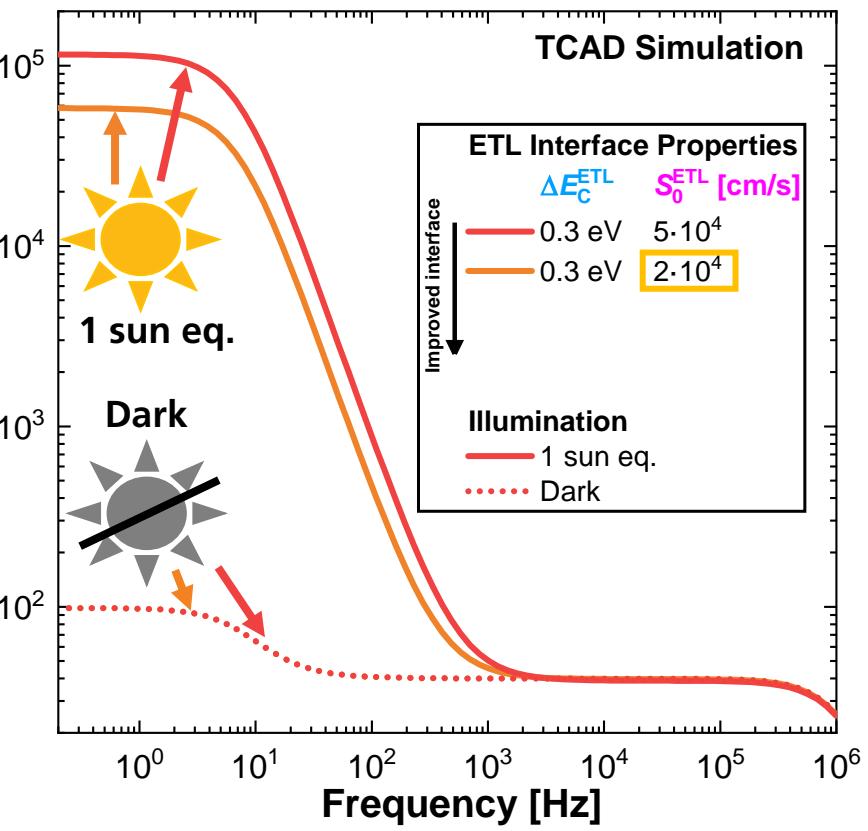
for different ETL interface properties

- Capacitance under illumination increases by several orders of magnitude



Ion-Induced Capacitances under Illumination

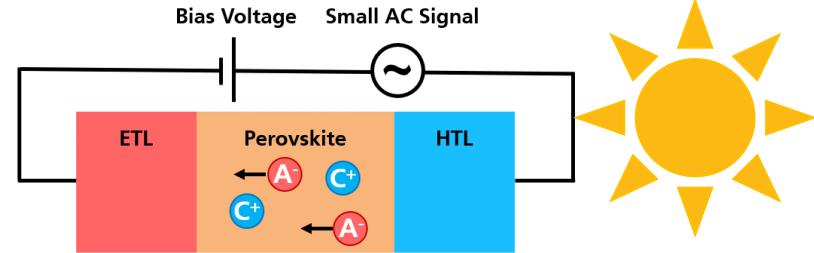
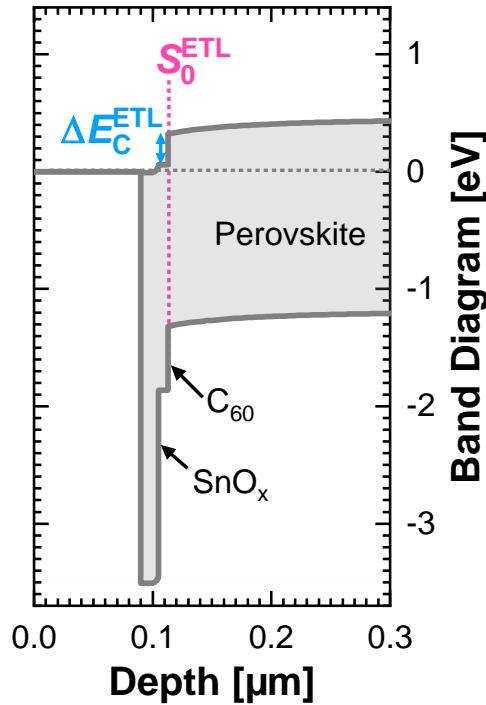
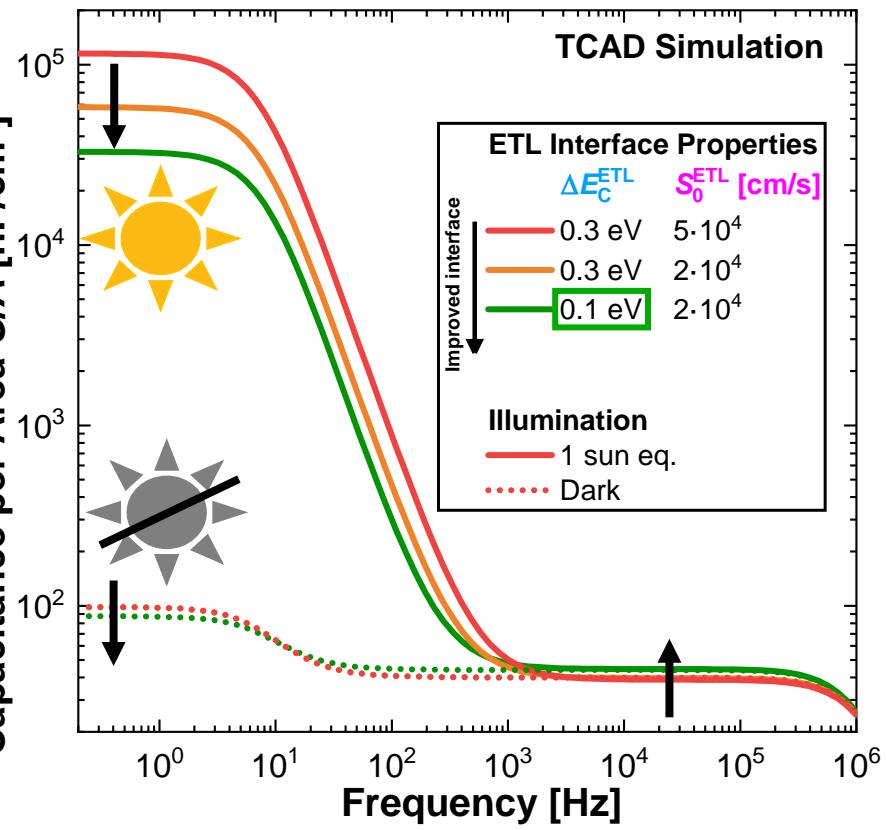
TCAD Simulation



- **Simulated dark and light C-f curves** for different ETL interface properties
 - Capacitance under illumination increases by several orders of magnitude
- **For lower surface recombination velocity (SRV) at ETL/Pero interface:**
 - Illuminated C-f curve shifts down
 - Dark C-f curve is unchanged

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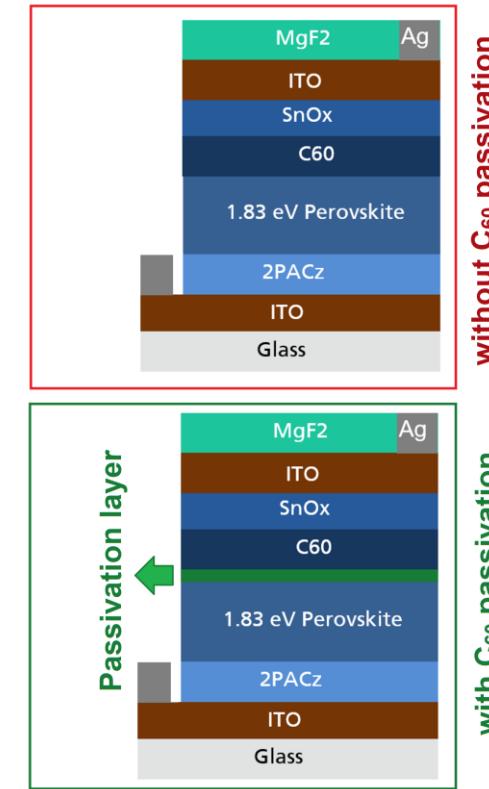
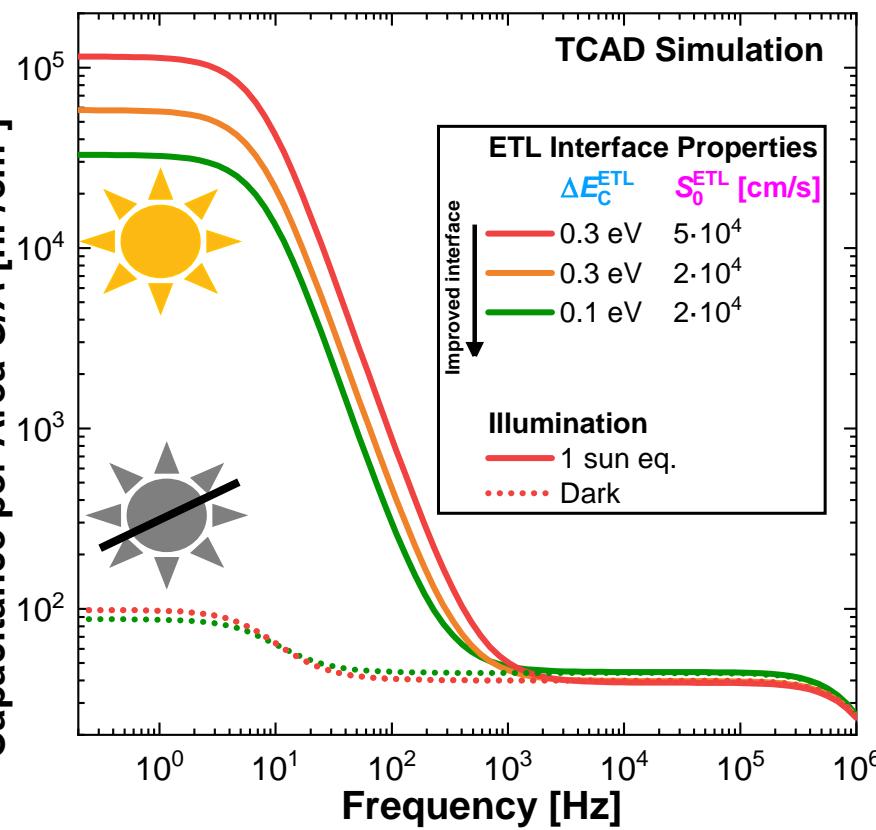


- **Simulated dark and light $C-f$ curves** for different ETL interface properties
 - Capacitance under illumination increases by several orders of magnitude
- **For lower surface recombination velocity (SRV) at ETL/Pero interface:**
 - Illuminated $C-f$ curve shifts down
 - Dark $C-f$ curve is unchanged
- **For change in band alignment (reduced ETL/Pero conduction band offset):**
 - Both illuminated and dark $C-f$ curve change
 - **Low frequency plateau:** Capacitance decreases
 - **High frequency plateau:** Capacitance increases

Ion-Induced Capacitances under Illumination

Experimental Comparison

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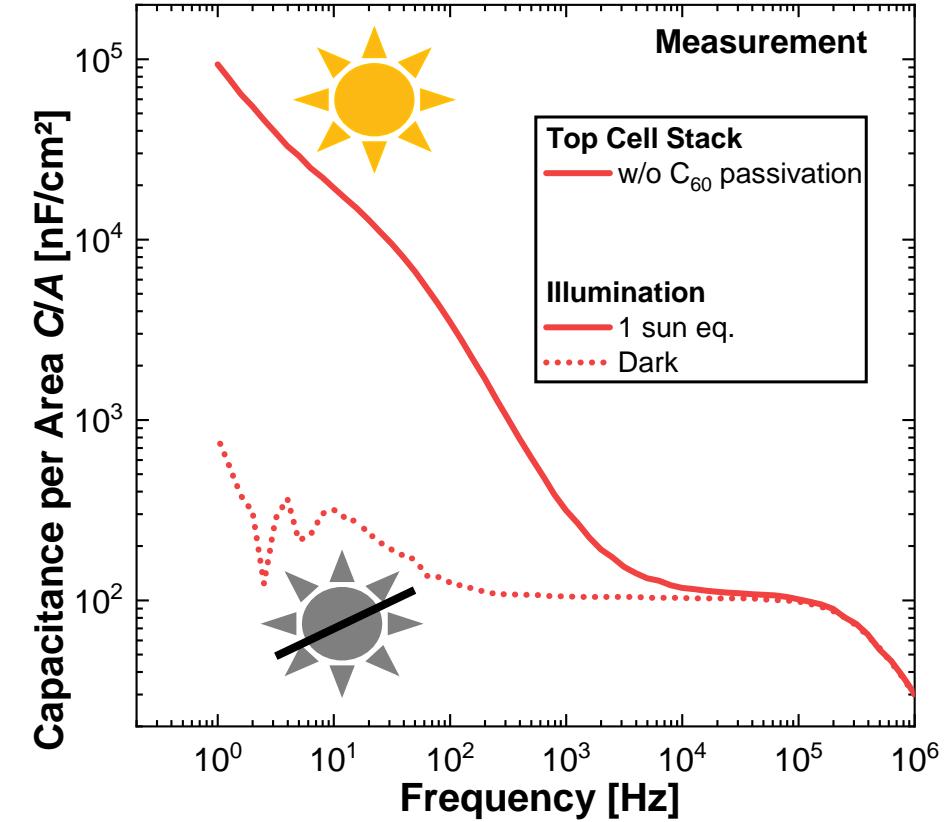
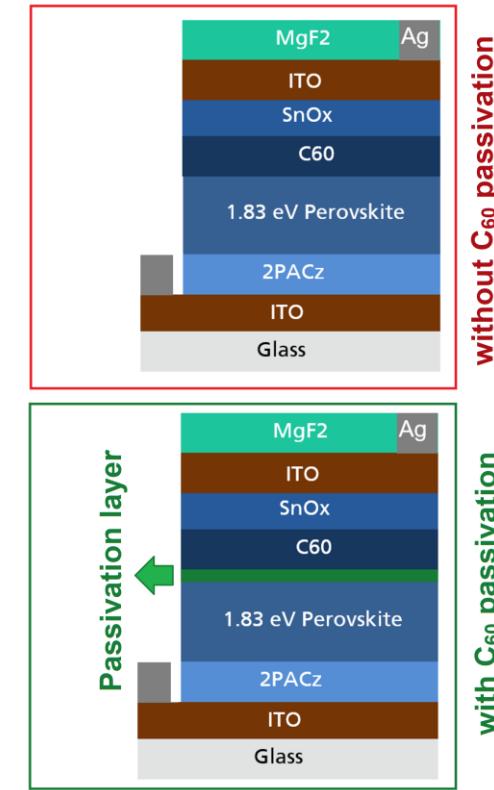
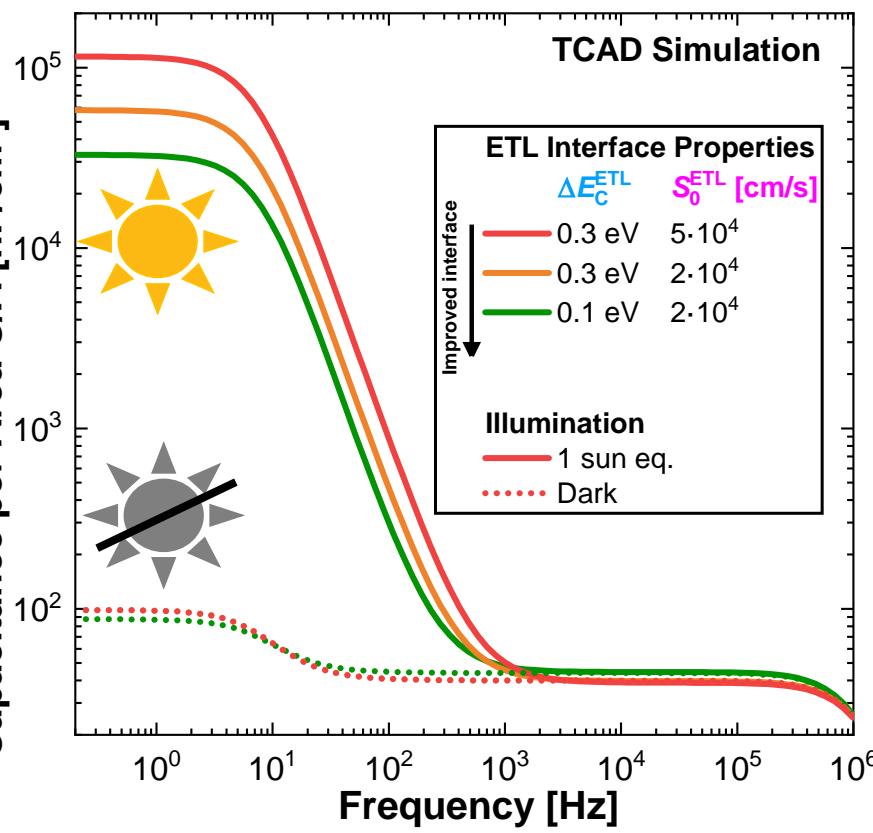
- Perovskite single junctions (used as top cells) fabricated at Fraunhofer ISE and measured at IMEC
1. **ETL/Pero interface unpassivated**
 2. **ETL/Pero interface passivated with PI***

*PI = piperazinium iodide

Ion-Induced Capacitances under Illumination

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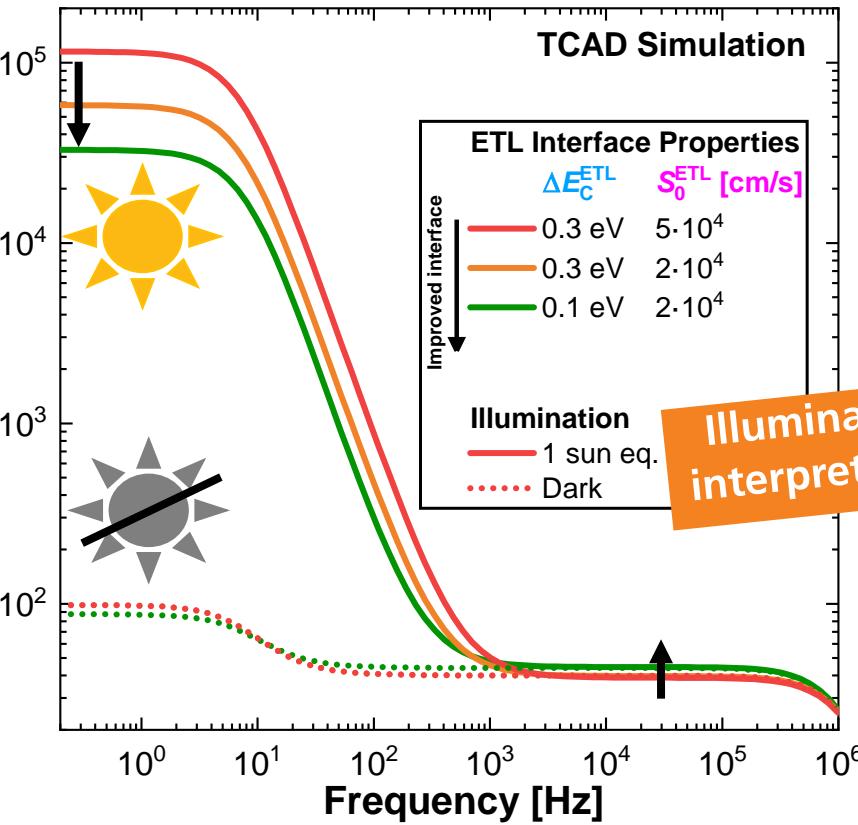
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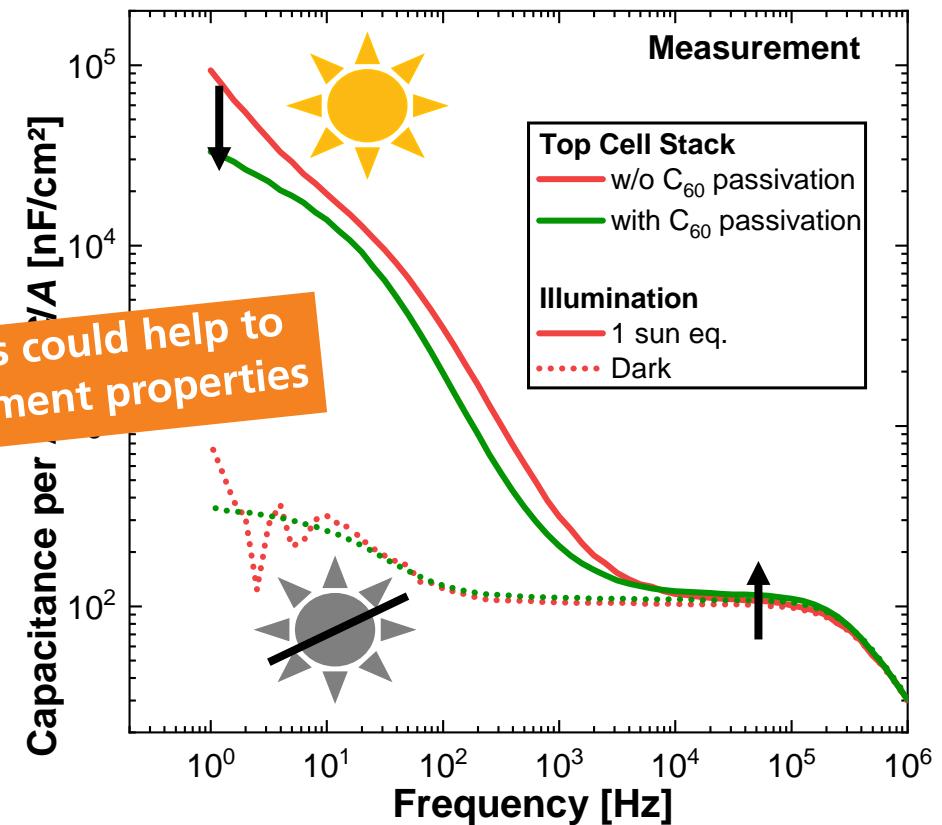
Ion-Induced Capacitances under Illumination

Experimental Comparison

- Good qualitative agreement of TCAD model and measurements

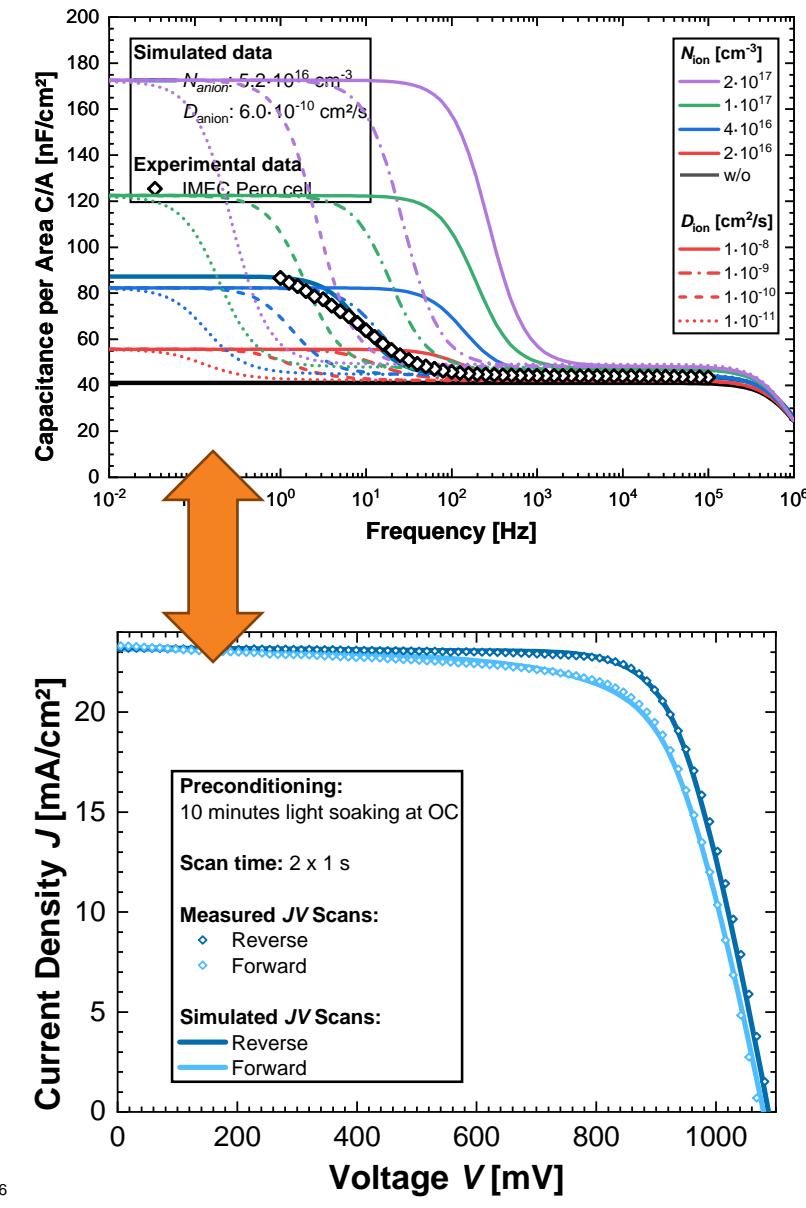
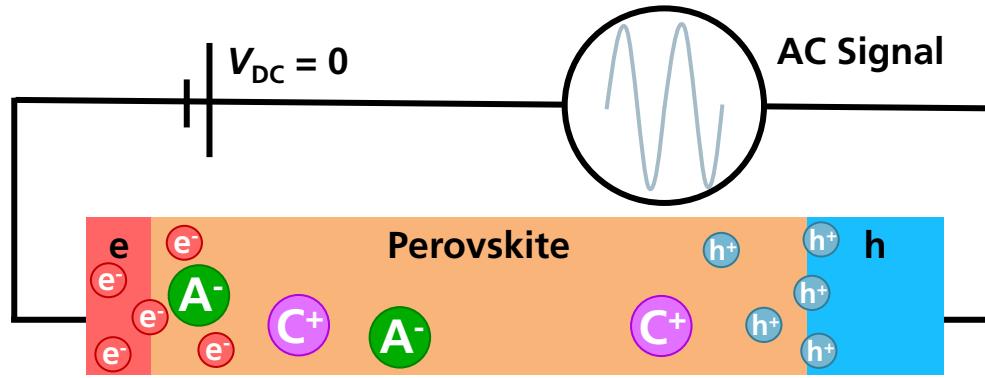


- Indicates lower recombination
- Possibly also better ETL/Pero band alignment



Conclusion

- TCAD Simulation of capacitance response of PSCs:
 - Impact of ionic properties
 - Good agreement with experimental data
 - Insights into physical origin of ionic capacitance
- Link **C-f response** to scan-time dependent **JV hysteresis**
- Investigation of **C-f curves under illumination**
 - Effect of band alignment and interface recombination
 - Experimental evidence
- Simulation-aided analysis of C-f curves contributes to **enhanced understanding**
- **Careful interpretation** of data is essential
- Measurements are **non-destructive** and on device level





Thanks for your attention!

Upcoming Journal Publication
in Solar RRL [1]

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[1] Messmer et al., „Understanding Ion-Related Performance Losses in Perovskite-Based Solar Cells by Capacitance Measurements and Simulation”, submitted to Solar RRL

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on the basis of a decision
by the German Bundestag